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1, 1, 2
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INFLUENCE OF THE INCLINATION OF THE CUTTING PLANE ON ROTATIONAL AND OBLIQUE CIRCULAR CYLINDRICAL SURFACES ON THEIR UNFOLDS

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Abstract: *The present article relates to rotational cylindrical surfaces intersected by a plane inclined at an angle to the cylinder base and oblique circular cylindrical surfaces crossed with a plane perpendicular to the axis of the cylinder. The influence of the angle of inclination of the cutting plane relative to the base of the cylindrical surface on the dimensions and area of the unfolds of the surrounding surface was examined using the SolidWorks CAD system.*

Key words: *cylindrical surfaces, unfolds.*

1.

(. 1) [1].



.1

[2]

2.

CAD

SolidWorks

600 mm. 100 mm

(.2).

[3]

45 .

CAD

SolidWorks

70 80 .

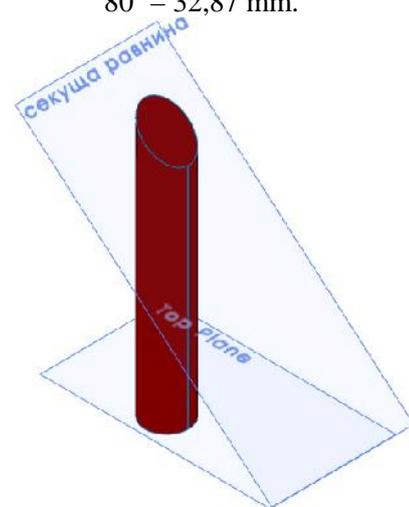
: 10 , 20 , 30 , 40 , 50 , 60 ,

600mm,

10 .

80 – 32,87 mm.

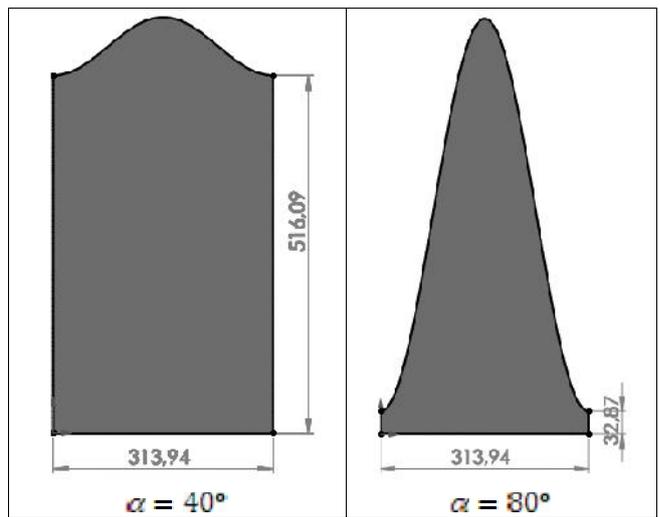
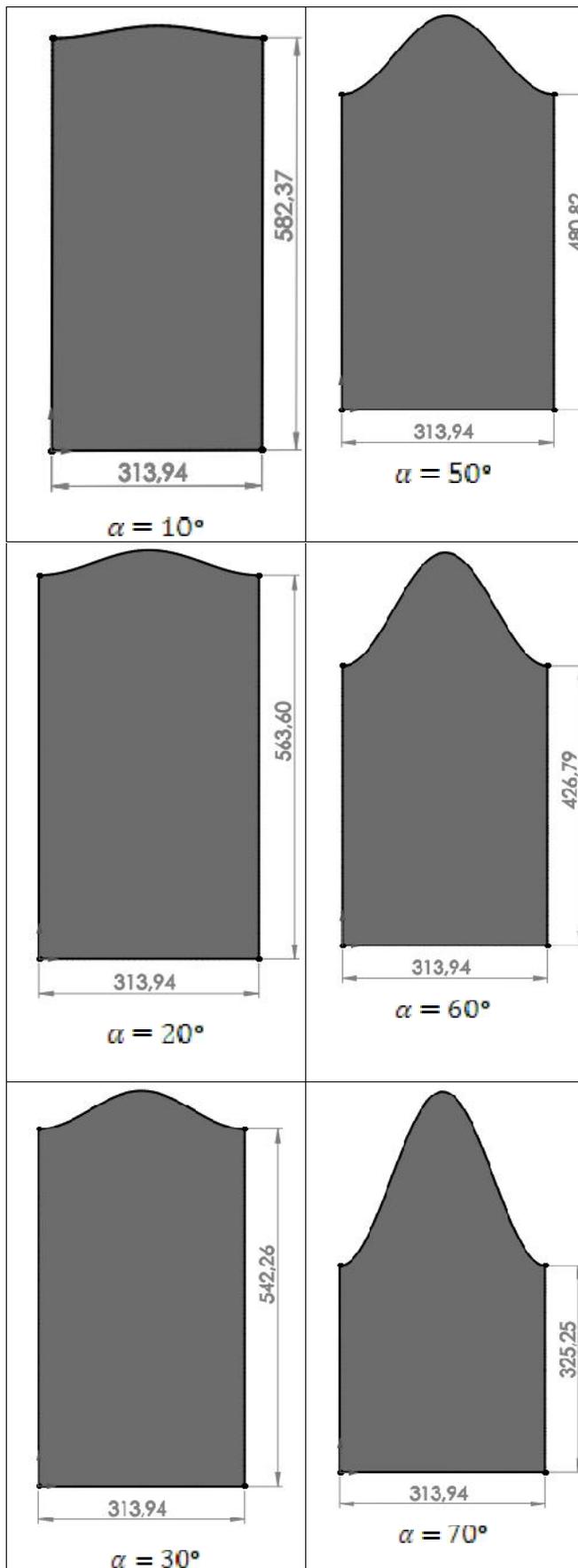
10 .



.2

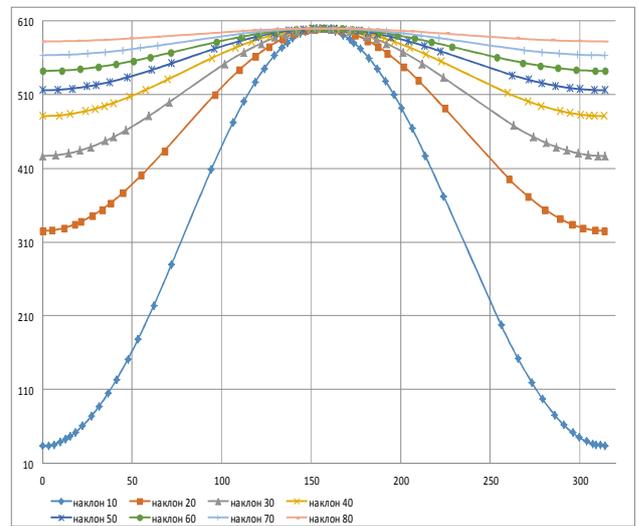
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1



3

2.



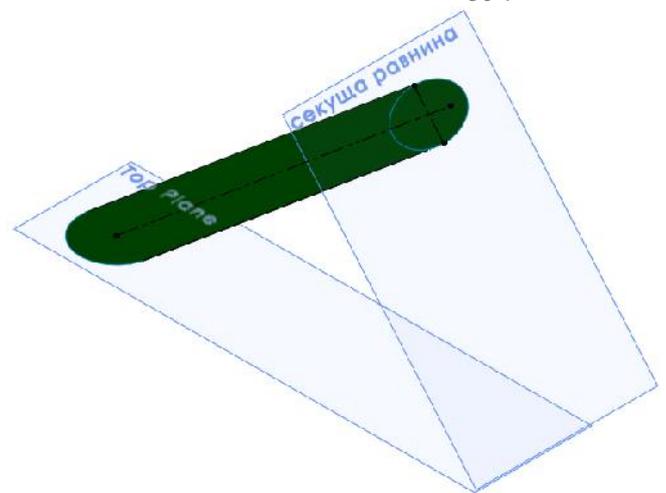
3

2

		R^2
10	$y = 10^{-6}x^4 - 0,007x^3 + 0,12$	0,9993

20°	$y = 6.10^{-7}x^4 - 0,0003x^3 + 0$	0,9995
30°	$y = 3.10^{-7}x^4 - 0,0012x^3 + 0$	0,9995
40°		0,9994
50°		0,9994
60°		0,9993
70°		0,9994
80°		0,9994

CAD SolidWorks

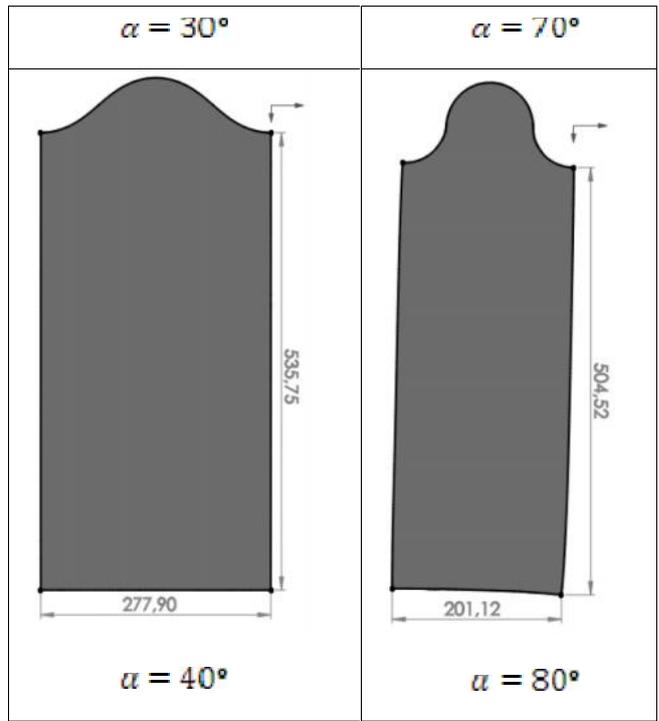
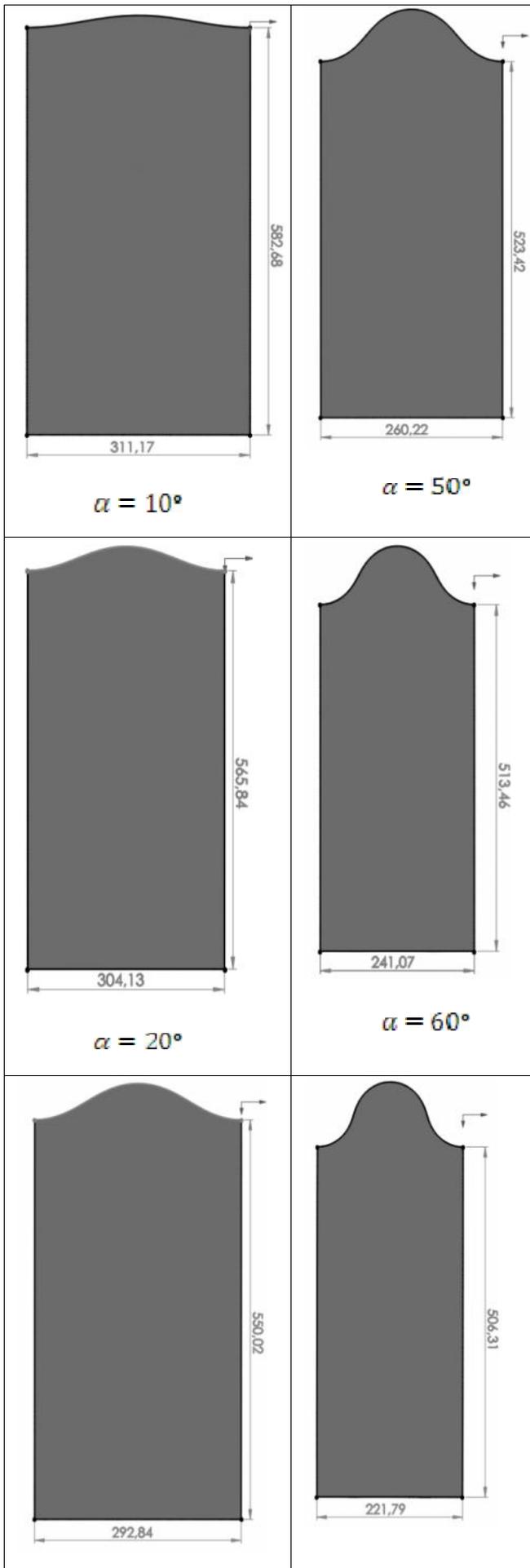


.4

Ø100

3

(. 4).



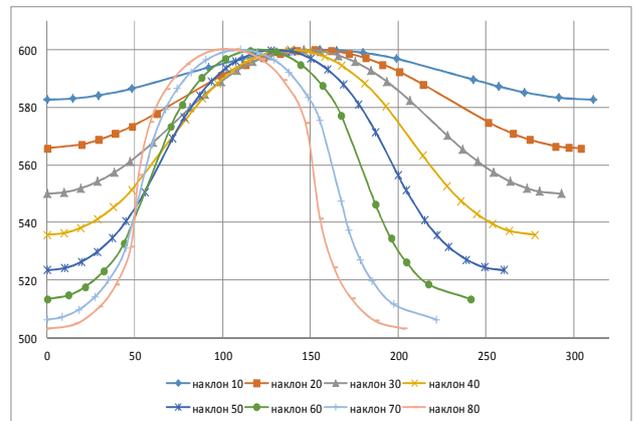
. 5

50mm

4.

10° 20°

80 .



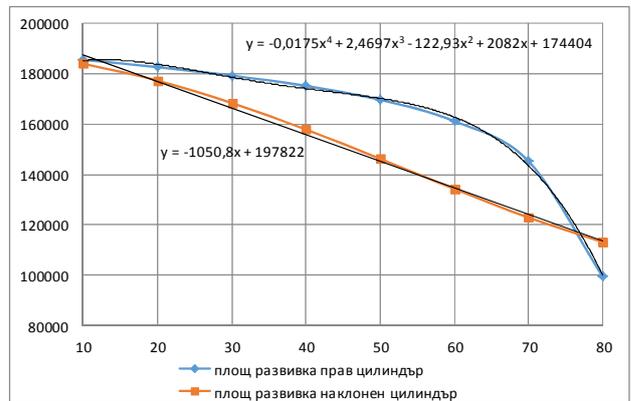
.5

4

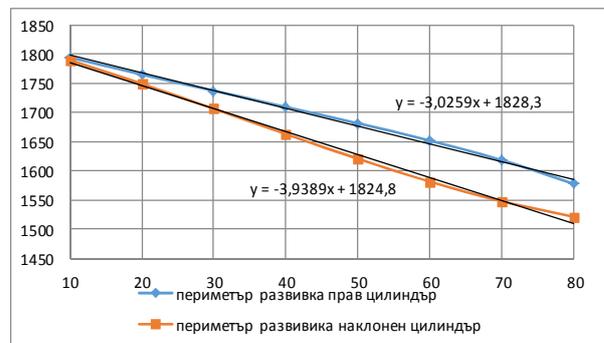
		R^2
10		1
20°		1
30°		0,9998
40°		0,9993
50°		0,9978
60°	$y = 2 \cdot 10^{-12}x^6 + 10^{-9}x^5 + 9$	0,9944
70°		0,9868
80°		0,9662

. 6 . 7

80
10
 $R^2=0,9984,$
 $R^2=0,995.$
 $R^2=0,9962 \quad R^2=0,9957.$



. 4



. 5

3.

1. . Eastern Academic Journal, issue 1, pp.89-98, 2016.
2. Eastern Academic Journal, issue 3, pp.52-62, 2015.
3. Popa C., I. Petre, A. Cirstoiu, Unfoldig methods of fhe cylindrical surfaces. Journal of Industrial design@engineering graphics, v. 10, pp. 61-64, 2015.

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vassilzlatanov@mail.bg¹, mihailqnikovqnev@gmail.com²

ABOUT THE APPLICATION OF ANALYTICAL ASYMPTOTIC METHODS IN ANALYSIS OF MECHANICAL SYSTEMS

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vassilzlatanov@mail.bg¹, mihailqnikovqnev@gmail.com²

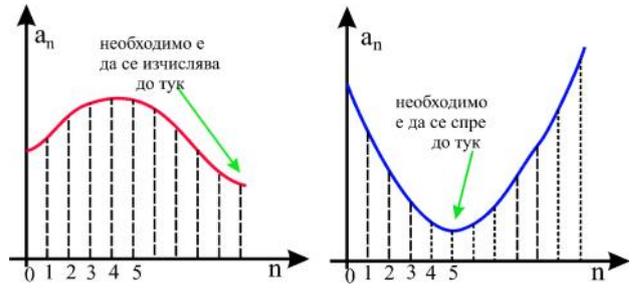
Abstract: *The article is devoted the essence of asymptotic approach in solving various scientific problems. A brief review of the most frequently used analytical asymptotic methods used in engineering practice is made. The Padé approximation is considered as a solution of the analytical continuation problem of the approximate analytical solution. The efficiency of the Padé approximation is demonstrated by an example based on the Duffing equation.*

Key words: *analytical methods, asymptotic methods, Padé approximation*

1.

- 2) ; 1) ;
- 3) ;

(.2).



.2.

2.

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(

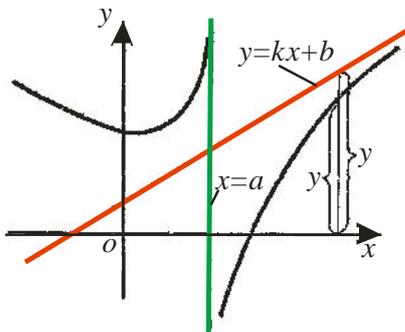
)

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“.

“(asymptotes

(.1).



.1.

<<

19

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<<

>> [1].

/Jules Henri Poincaré/

/T.

J. Stieltjes/.

$x = x_0, n \rightarrow \infty,$

$n = n_0, x \rightarrow x_0.$

[4].

/Henri Eugène Padé/.

[5]:

$$f(z) = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} c_i z^i = c_0 + c_1 z^1 + c_2 z^2 + c_3 z^3 + \dots, \quad (1)$$

$$f(z).$$

$$f_{[L,M]}(z) = \frac{a_0 + a_1 z + \dots + a_L z^L}{b_0 + b_1 z + \dots + b_M z^M}, \quad (2)$$

(1)

$$(2) \quad \begin{matrix} L+1 \\ M+1 \\ a_i \\ b_i \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} b_0 = 1 \\ b_0 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} a_i \\ b_i \end{matrix}$$

$L+1$

$$(2), \dots \quad \begin{matrix} M \\ L+M+1 \end{matrix}$$

$$f_{[L,M]}(z)$$

$$z^0, z, z^2, \dots, z^{L+M}$$

(1), ... :

$$\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} c_i z^i = \frac{a_0 + a_1 z + \dots + a_L z^L}{1 + b_1 z + \dots + b_M z^M} + 0(z^{L+M+1}). \quad (3)$$

(3)

$$a_i$$

b_i .

$$\begin{aligned} (1 + b_1 z + \dots + b_M z^M)(c_0 + c_1 z + c_2 z^2 + \dots) = \\ = a_0 + a_1 z + \dots + a_L z^L + 0(z^{L+M+1}). \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

$$z^{L+1}, z^{L+2}, \dots, z^{L+M}$$

:

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_{L-M+1} & c_{L-M+2} & \dots & c_L \\ c_{L-M+2} & c_{L-M+3} & \dots & c_{L+1} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ c_L & c_{L+1} & \dots & c_{L+M-1} \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} b_M \\ b_{M-1} \\ \dots \\ b_1 \end{pmatrix} = - \begin{pmatrix} c_{L+1} \\ c_{L+2} \\ \dots \\ c_{L+M} \end{pmatrix}, \quad (5)$$

b_i

$$a_i \quad (4)$$

z^0, z^1, \dots, z^L :

$$a_0 = c_0,$$

$$a_1 = c_1 + b_1 c_0,$$

.....,

$$a_L = c_L + \sum_{i=1}^{\min(L,M)} b_i c_{L-i}.$$

$$(5) \quad (6)$$

(5)

$$f_{[L,M]}(z)$$

$$f_{[L,M]}(z).$$

$L \quad M$

(1):

1.

$M \backslash L$	0	1	2	...
0	$f_{[0,0]}(z)$	$f_{[1,0]}(z)$	$f_{[2,0]}(z)$...
1	$f_{[0,1]}(z)$	$f_{[1,1]}(z)$	$f_{[2,1]}(z)$...
2	$f_{[0,2]}(z)$	$f_{[1,2]}(z)$	$f_{[2,2]}(z)$...
...

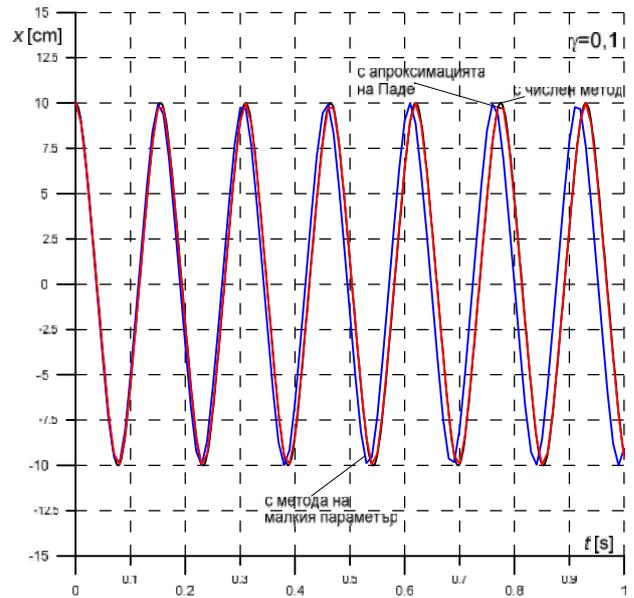
($L=M$).

$$x(t) = A \cos pt + \sim \frac{A^3}{32p^2} (\cos 3pt - \cos pt) + \sim \frac{A^5}{1024p^4} (\cos 5pt - \cos pt), \quad (8)$$

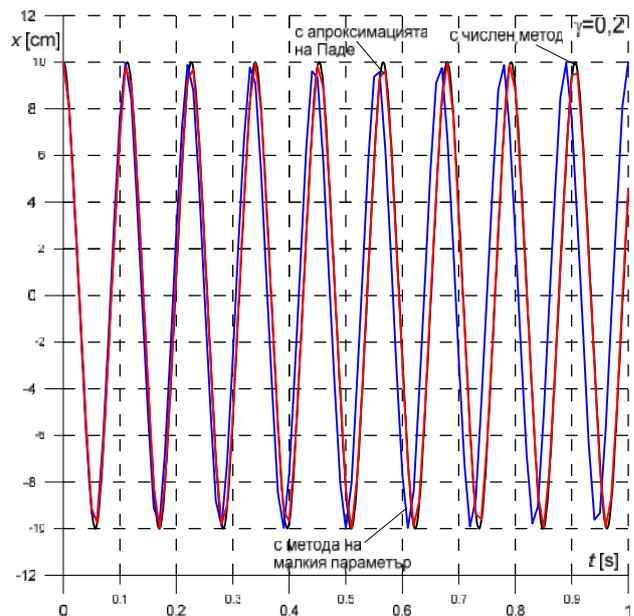
$$p^2 = k^2 + \sim \frac{3}{4} A^2 - \sim \frac{3}{128} \frac{A^4}{p^2}. \quad (9)$$

– $A \cos pt$.

A (9).



. 4.



. 5.

() –

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m (3).
Ox

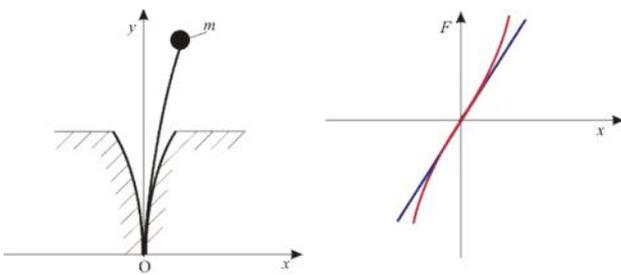
$$F_x = -cx - \chi cx^3, \quad c, \quad 0 < \chi \leq 1.$$

$$x_0 = x(0) = A$$

$$\ddot{x} + k^2 x - \chi x^3 = 0, \quad (7)$$

$$k^2 = \frac{c}{m}, \quad \sim = \chi \frac{c}{m} = \chi k^2 \quad (\sim)$$

(7)
(Duffing).



. 3.

(7)

.4 .5

x,

[6, .80]: $m = 0,01 \text{Ns}^2/\text{cm}$
 $c = 2 \text{N/cm}$ $x = 0,1$, $x = 0,2$.
 (7)

.4 .5

(8),

$$x_{[1/1]}(t) = \frac{a_0 + a_1 \sim}{1 + b_1 \sim} \quad (10)$$

$$a_0 = A \cos pt, \quad b_1 = \frac{1}{32} \frac{A^2}{p} [1 - \cos^2(pt)],$$

$$a_1 = -\frac{3}{32} \frac{A^3}{p^2} \cos pt \quad x(t)$$

$$x_{[1/1]} = A \cos pt \frac{\left(1 - \frac{3}{32} \frac{A^2}{p^2}\right)}{\left[1 + \frac{1}{32} \frac{A^2}{p^2} (1 - 4 \cos^2 pt)\right]} \quad (11)$$

(9)

$$p_{[1/1]}^2 = \frac{k^2 + \frac{1}{4} A^2 \left(3 + \frac{1}{8} \frac{k^2}{p^2}\right)}{1 + \frac{1}{32} \frac{A^2}{p^2}} \quad (12)$$

.4 .5

x,

4.

1.

2. Crighton, D. Asymptotics – an indispensable complement to thought, computation and experiment in Applied Mathematical modelling, Proc. 7th European Conference on Mathematics in Industry / Eds. A. Fasano, M.B. Primicerio, Stuttgart: Teubner, 1994, Pp.3-19.
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4.

5. , , 2010.
 6. 1986.
 6. , . , : , 1983.

“ “

1, 2, 3, 4,

5

1, 2, 4, 5 3

bodurova@gmail.com 1,

:

“ “ “ ”

“ ” (CFD)

“ ”

“ ”

: , , CFD,

**MODERN MEANS USAGE FOR THE PREPARATION OF THE TOPIC
“KINEMATICS OF THE FLUID FLOWS”**

DONKA STOEVA¹, MILCHO ANGELOV², TODOR GEORGIEV³, POSTOL SIMITCHIEV⁴,
HRISTO HRISTOV⁵

University of Food Technologies^{1,2,4,5} *Gotmar Ltd* ³, ...
bodurova@gmail.com ¹, *mangelov@filibeto.org* ²

Abstract: *The present work is realized in order to use the resources of the achieved technical means for project “Virtual modulation and simulation laboratory of objects and processes in the Food Industry” with project manager – Prof. Eng. M. Angelov for developing of practical exercise in “Fluid Mechanics”. The topic “Kinematics of the fluid flows” has been worked out. The possibilities of the calculating hydrodynamics have been presented (CFD) and the following combination of an interactive board aiming to help and make easier the integration of other software and hardware methods, in order to achieve better efficiency. The development is realized to be useful to the students, as it optimizes their activity on the preparation of teaching process on “Fluid Mechanics” and its activities.*

Key words: *Streamlined body, Path lines, CFD, Interactive board, Fluid Mechanics*

1.

“ () ”

“ ”

“ ”

[2,3,5,9,10,11].

CFD

FLUENT.

[7].

[1,8,12].

CFD

()
[4,6,7,13].

2.

$$\vec{V} = \vec{f}(x, y, z, t) \quad (1)$$

$$u = u(x, y, z, t)$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v}(x, y, z, t) \quad (2)$$

$$w = w(x, y, z, t)$$

$$\vec{V} = u_{\vec{i}} + v_{\vec{j}} + w_{\vec{k}}$$

$$\vec{r} = dx_{\vec{i}} + dy_{\vec{j}} + dz_{\vec{k}}$$

$$\vec{V} \times d\vec{r} = 0$$

$$\frac{dx}{u} = \frac{dy}{v} = \frac{dz}{w} \quad (3)$$

[1,8,12].

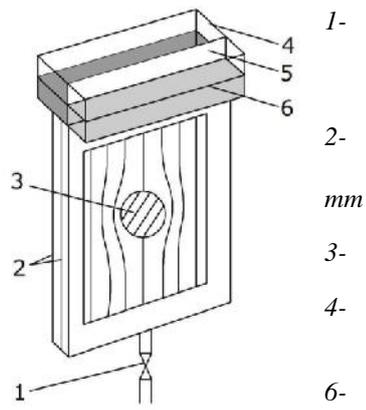
(. 3)

(, .)

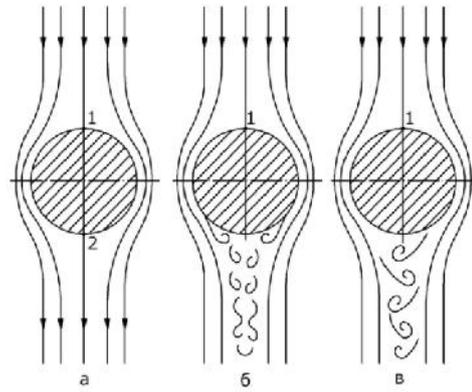
() [1,8,12,13].

3.

().



.1.



.2.

() 1 5
5 4

5

1:

4.

90

Ansys Fluent CFD

[4,6,7,13].

Fluent. Gambit
Gambit

.1 .2.

.2 .

Fluent.

Fluent

.2 .2

[14]

Fluent „User defined“ –

Gambit.

20

Boundary Conditions. Define

„Fluid“

(Boundary layer).

“Solve”.

Solve Controls Solution.

Solve Monitors residuals.

Fluent, Gambit, Fluent

.msh. „Inlet“ ().

2D 3D Fluent. Y, 2 m/s

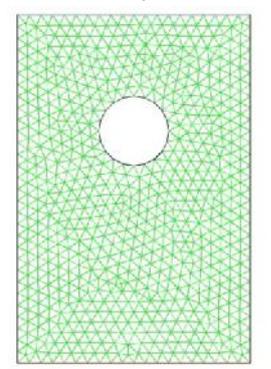
Fluent „Solution Initialization” Y -2 m/s.

Gambit.

Grid

(Check). Define Models Solve

2D converget” (). Solution is



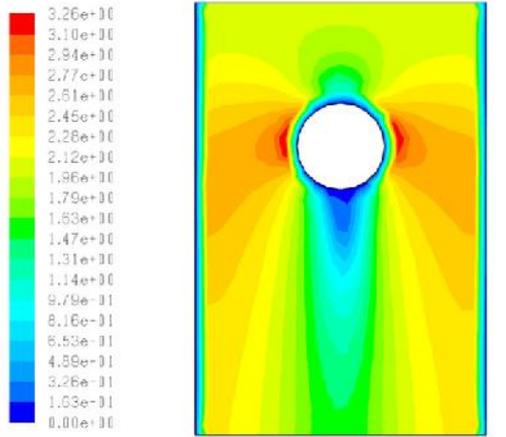
. 3.

FLUENT
 Green-Gauss Cell-Based
 Green-Gauss Node-Based
 Least Squares Cell-Based

: „Green-Gauss Cell-Based“

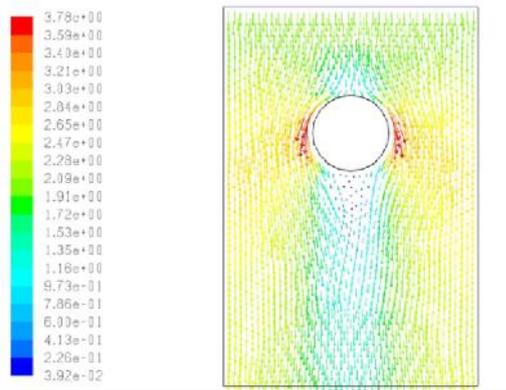
„Define“ 5.

()



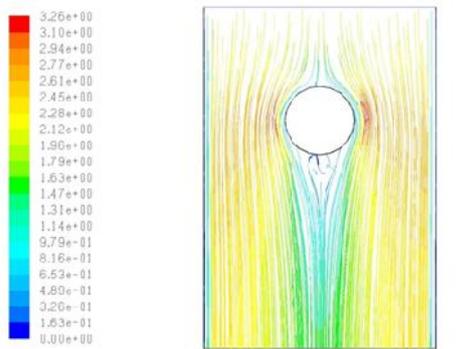
Contours of Velocity Magnitude (m/s) FLUENT

.4.



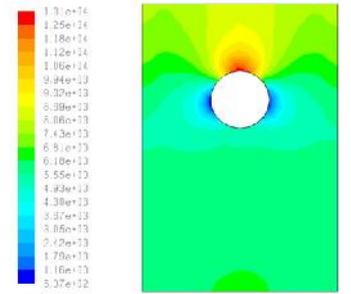
Velocity Vectors Colored By Velocity Magnitude (m/s) FLUENT 6.3 (2c)

.5.



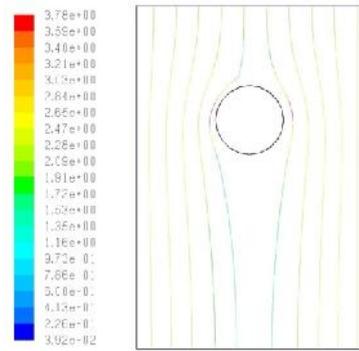
Pathlines Colored by Velocity Magnitude (m/s) FLUENT 6.3 (2c)

.6.



Contours of Static Pressure (pascal) FLUENT

.7.



Pathlines Colored by Velocity Magnitude (m/s) FLUENT

.8.

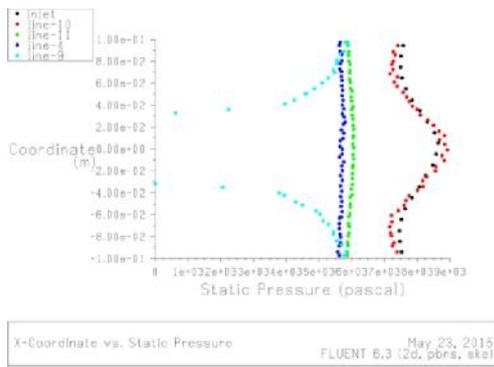


.9.

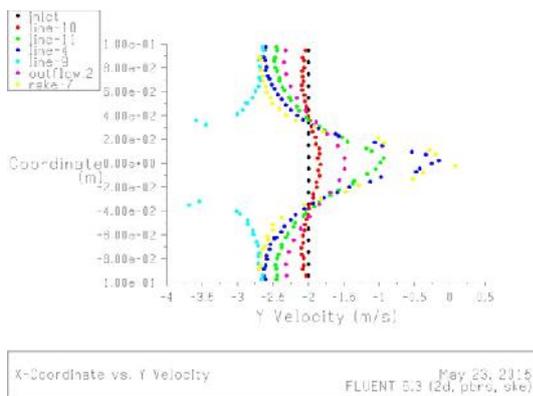
.4, 5, 6, 9 10.

$$f \Rightarrow V \Rightarrow P$$

(4)



. 10.



. 11.

“ ()

“ ()

).

6. :

1. “

2. “

3. -

4. “

“

“

5.

6.

Fluent.

1.

2009.

2.

, 2012, . 156. Laudon, C., Laudon, P. Management information systems, NJ: Prentice Hall, 2014.

3.

2012.

4.

, 2004.

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2013.

6.

GAMBIT.

7.

FLUENT.

8.

1974.

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PNEUMATIC CONVEYOR FOR EMPTY POLYMER BOTTLES

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ANGEL KLIMENTOV

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Abstract: *The report is a summary of the creation of a laboratory pneumatic conveyor for empty PET bottles. The following are displayed: the operation principle of the conveyor; the theoretical setting; and the possibilities of changing individual components to optimize energy costs.*

Key words: *empty polymer bottles, pneumatic conveyor*

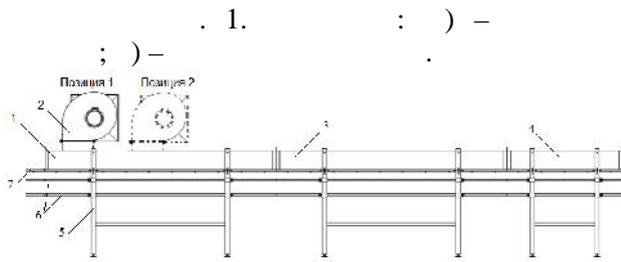
1.

1000 m3/h 3200 m3/h.

2.

2.1.

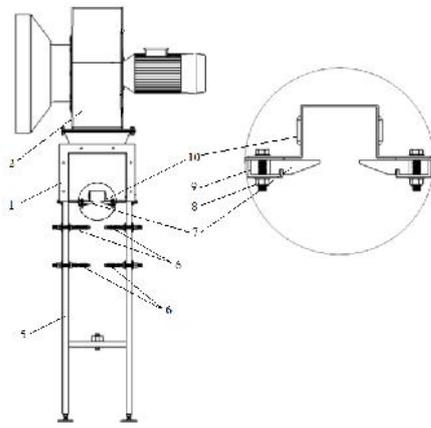
10



100 450,

.1)

.5,



. 6,

.1

1 - (); 2
 ; 3 - ; 4 -
 ; 5 - ; 6 - ; 7 -
 (); 8 - ; 9 -
 ; 10 -

- μ = 0,1÷0,2.

- .10,

9

8.

2.2.

- 1,
 - 3 - 4.
 1, 2 3 2 ,
 4 - 1 .
 4, 5, 6 7

7

200mm .2 1 (1 - 700mm),

10,

, mm -

27,6;

, mm -

33,0;

500 ml 2000 ml

()

() -

25 30 mm.

21,0.

, g:	0,5	- 21,61;
	1,0	- 28,24;
	1,5	- 31,30.

(. 1),

-

- .3, 2 20

45°

2.3.

25 mm. 1

40 , - 80.

3 2 1
1m, . . 7 m.

7 80=560

3,2-2

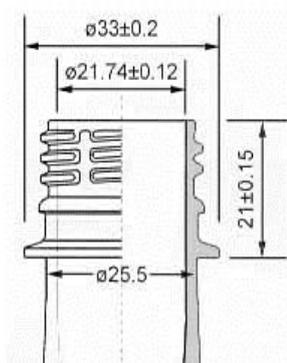
$Q = 1000 \text{ } 3250 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$
 $P_{st} = 1400 \text{ } 500 \text{ Pa.}$
 $Q = 2000 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$
 $P_{st} = 1100 \text{ Pa ($
 $).$

$a_1 = 0,00004 \text{ m}^2$
 $n = 560$
 $= n \cdot a_1 = 560 \cdot 0,00004 = 0,0224 \text{ m}^2$

ITD
1,5

, 0,5, 1,0

400 g



Standard PCO

Commonly for 16-47gms

.2

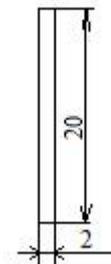
5

, mm - 26,0;

1,5 31,3 g;
27 mm;

- h = 20

mm; - D = 92 mm.



.3

$Q = .U$

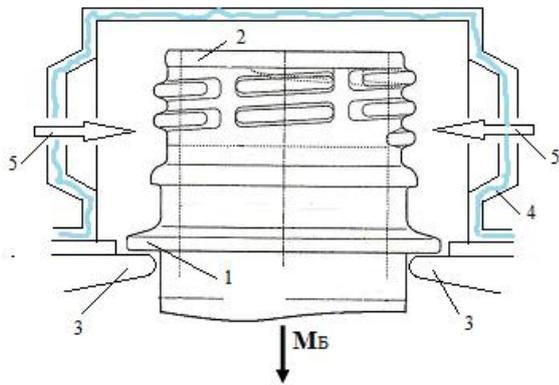
$U = Q/A = 0,55555 / 0,0224 = 24,8 \text{ m/s}$
 $Q = 2000 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} = 0,55555 \text{ m}^3/\text{s};$
 $U = 24,8 \text{ m/s};$
 $= 0,0224 \text{ m}^2$

1,5

1,5 31,3 g;
27 mm; - h = 20
mm; - D = 92 mm.

.4

.15 -



.4

1 - ; 2 - ; 3 - ; 4 -
; 5 -

.1,

- .3,

$$\mu = 0,2.$$

“ 1/8

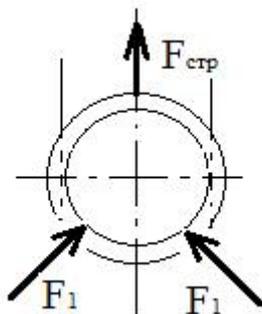
- 1100

$$A = 1/8 \cdot (\pi \cdot d) \cdot h = 1/8 \cdot 3,14 \cdot 0,027 \cdot 0,020 = 0,000212 \text{ m}^2$$

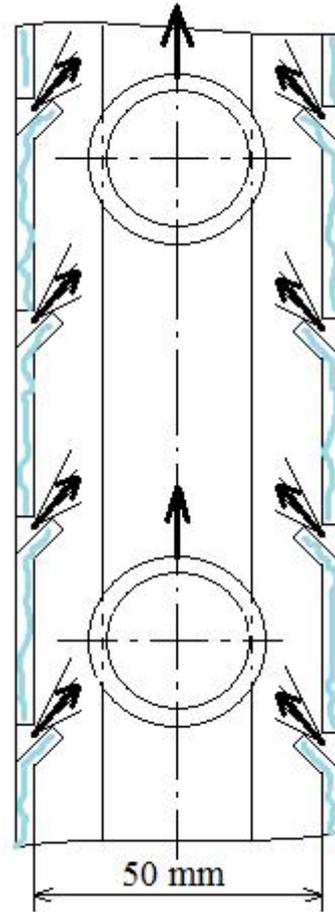
$$P = F_1/A$$

$$F_1 = P \cdot A = 1100 \cdot 0,000212 = 0,233 \text{ N}$$

$$F = 2 \cdot F_1 \cdot \cos 45^\circ = 2 \cdot 0,233 \cdot \cos 45^\circ = 0,33 \text{ N}$$



.5



.6

1 - ; 2 - ; 3 - ; 4 -
; 5 -

$$F = \mu \cdot F = \mu \cdot 1100 = 0,2 \cdot 1100 = 220 \text{ N}$$

$$F / F = 0,33 / 0,0614 = 5,37$$

$$- F, 5,37$$

[1]

$$\bar{u} = \frac{5d_{OTE} U}{2x}$$

mm; d - , d = 2

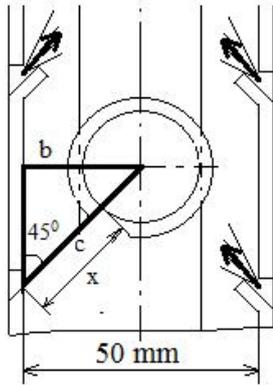
mm.

21,35 mm 35,35 .7.

$$\frac{b}{c} = \sin 45^\circ$$

$$c = \frac{b}{\sin 45^\circ} = \frac{25}{\sin 45^\circ} = 35,35 \text{ mm}$$

$$x = c - \frac{d}{2} = 35,35 - 14 = 21,35 \text{ mm}$$



.7

$$x = 21,35 \text{ mm}$$

$$\bar{u}_1 = \frac{5d_{\text{отв}}}{2x} U = \frac{5 \cdot 2}{2 \cdot 21,35} 28,94 = 6,78 \text{ m/s}$$

$$x = 35,35 \text{ mm}$$

$$\bar{u}_2 = \frac{5d_{\text{отв}}}{2x} U = \frac{5 \cdot 2}{2 \cdot 35,35} 28,94 = 4,1 \text{ m/s}$$

.6.

$$- \bar{u}_2 = 4,1 \text{ m/s.}$$

:

$$v = 2 \cdot \bar{u}_1 \cdot \cos 45^\circ = 2 \cdot 6,78 \cdot \cos 45^\circ = 9,55 \text{ m/s}$$

$$= v/D = 9,55/0,092 = 103,8 \text{ 1/s}$$

$$= 103,8 \cdot 3600 = 373680 \text{ 1/h}$$

1000 ml

500 ml

[2].

21,61 g 28,24 g,
- 75 mm 87,7 mm.
1

Q, m³/h

P_{st},

Pa.

1.

Q = 2000 m ³ /h P _{st} = 1100 Pa			
V _N , ml	1500	1000	500
M, g	31,3	28,24	21,62
D, mm	92	87,7	75
F, N	0,33	0,33	0,33
F, N	0,0614	0,0557	0,0424
$\frac{F_{\text{срп}}}{F_{\text{тп}}}$	5,37	5,92	7,78
U, m/s	28,94	28,94	28,94
\bar{u}_1 , m/s	6,78	6,78	6,78
\bar{u}_2 , m/s	4,1	4,1	4,1
v, m/s	5,8	5,8	5,8
, /s	63	66	77
, /h	226800	237600	277200

3.

➤

1

➤

➤

➤

- ;
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 - ;
 - ;
 - .
1. „ – 2012,
,
 2. – 2018,
, “
 3. – 2017,
,
- ”, . ,

4.
<http://www.icfillingsystems.com/end-of-line-packaging-machines/pet-bottle-air-conveyors/>
<http://www.krones.com/en/products/filling-technology/air-conveyor-for-pet-bottles.php>
http://www.sidel.de/media/137051/convoyage8p_en_bd.pdf
<http://www.comperesystems.com/assets/CopellaAirConveyor.pdf>
<http://www.accseurope.com/downloads/Air-conveyor.pdf>
http://sunstarmachine.en.alibaba.com/product/60008856896-800256892/Pneumatic_conveyor_system_for_plastic_pet_bottle.html
http://www.australiseng.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2014/11/Air-Conveyor_2-page-flyer_2014.pdf
<http://mefe.com.tr/products/air-conveyor-air-pet-bottles-conveyors>].

1, 1, 1, 2

dgosp@abv.bg

2

:

: , , ECT, BCT,

STUDY OF THE INFLUENCE OF THE HUMIDITY AND GEOMETRIC PARAMETERS OF CORRUGATED PAPERBOARD PACKAGES ON THE RESISTANCE AGAINST VERTICALLY APPLIED LOAD

DELYAN GOSPODINOV¹, STEFAN STEFANOV¹, VILHELM HADJISKI¹, MARIA MINCHEVA²

¹*UFT Plovdiv – Plovdiv – Bulgaria
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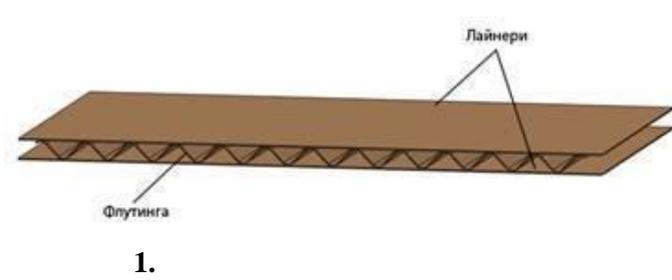
²*Dunapack – Rodina Plovdiv*

Abstract: *The subject of the investigation in the article is the behavior of corrugated paperboard packages under the conditions of vertically applied load combined with change of the moisture content, length and height of the package. Experimentally obtained data for ECT parameter and BCT parameter are compared with analytically obtained values.*

Key words: *packages, corrugated paperboard, ECT, BCT, resistance against vertical loading, comparison, experimental values, analytical values.*

1.

() ” ” (1).



Crush Test) . BCT (Box [2].

()

(2).



(BCT)

BCT,

(100 mm ISO 13821:2005)

BCT.

BCT

[1]:

$$BCT = 5,87 \cdot ECT \cdot \sqrt{u \cdot Z}$$

BCT

- ECT – Edge Crush Test –

ECT

- – ;
- Z –

$$Z = 2(L + H),$$

L e

2.

ECT

[3].

()

(

- 250 100 100
- 250 100 150
- 250 100 200
- 300 100 100
- 350 100 100

(3).



3.

mm.

15

3

5

: 6, 7 8%.

7 8%

M_I

M_D , g/m².
 100 g/m².
 WCT
 ECT
 $W = \frac{M_I - M_D}{M_I} 100$

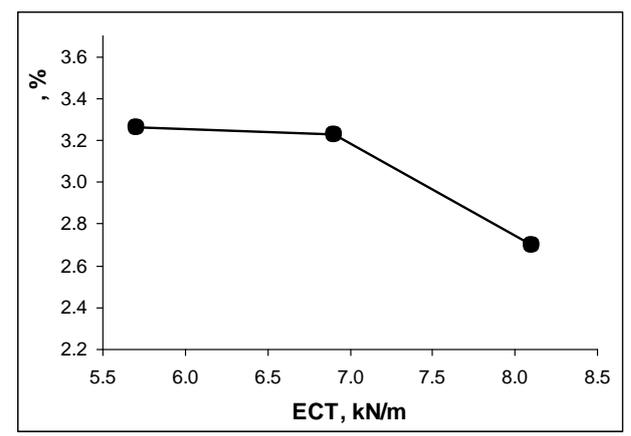
3.

1
 ECT
 W_C

4.

1.

	WC, %	ECT, kN/m
	5,7	3,26
	6,9	3,23
	8,1	2,7



4.

M_I^C
 M_D^C
 W_C
 $W_C = \frac{M_I^C - M_D^C}{M_I^C} 100$

ECT

2.

120

2. BCT

, %	, mm		
	250x100	300x100	350x100
5,7	882,76	943,71	1000,95
6,9	874,63	935,02	991,74
8,1	731,12	781,60	829,01

BCT

3.

3.

BCT

, %	, mm		BCT, N
5,7	250x100x100		1186,1
	250x100x150		1132,4
	250x100x200		1091,1
	300x100x100		1238,4
	350x100x100		1283,3
	350x100x200		1187,4
6,9	250x100x100		1178,3
	250x100x150		1104,7
	250x100x200		1053,1
	300x100x100		1202,3
	350x100x100		1221,2
	350x100x200		1164,7
8,1	250x100x100		951,8
	250x100x150		854,5
	250x100x200		762,2
	300x100x100		1010,0
	350x100x100		1068,2
	350x100x200		915,1

4

BCT

4.

BCT

%		BCT, N		, %
			, N	
5,7	250 100	*1136,5	882,76	22,33
	300 100	1238,4	943,71	23,80
	350 100	*1235,5	1000,95	18,98
6,9	250 100	*1112,0	874,63	21,35
	300 100	1202,3	935,02	22,34
	350 100	*1192,5	991,74	16,83
8,1	250 100	*856,2	731,12	14,61
	300 100	1010,0	781,60	22,61
	350 100	*991,6	829,01	16,40

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APPLICATION OF NANOTECHNOLOGIES AND NANOMATERIALS IN THE FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRY

DELYAN GOSPODINOV¹, STEFAN DISHLIEV¹, MIHAIL YANEV¹

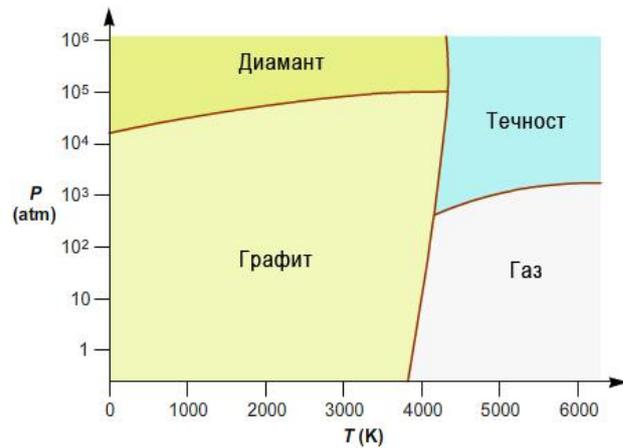
¹*UFT Plovdiv – Plovdiv – Bulgaria
mahvp@mail.bg*

Abstract: *The development of the nanotechnologies for the past years creates possibilities for the creation of new materials impregnated with artificially created nano-particles and nano-structures. These materials show specific antibacterial and mechanical characteristics, which serves in favor of the improvement of the hygienic design of the equipment used in the food processing industry, as well as improvement of the technologies related to packaging, storing and transportation of food products. Innovative applications are presented in the area of nanotechnologies used for the creation of nanomaterials to be applied in the food processing industry.*

Key words: *nanotechnologies, nanomaterials, food processing industry*

1.

(.1)



1.

2.

100 nm.

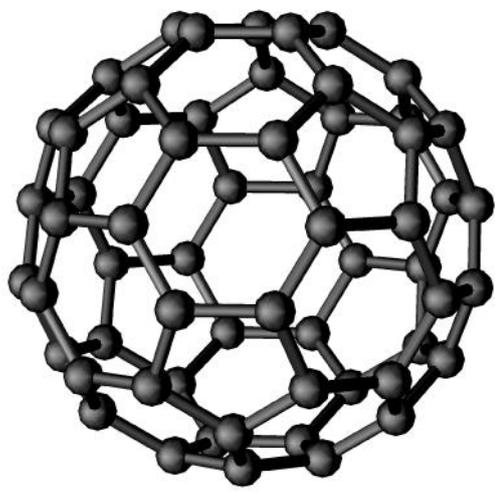
1. 100 nm.

2.

100 nm.

3.

100 nm.



2.

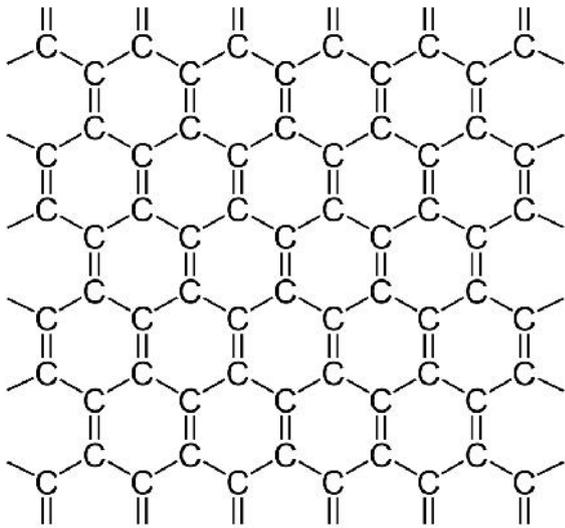
60 [9]

0,335 nm.

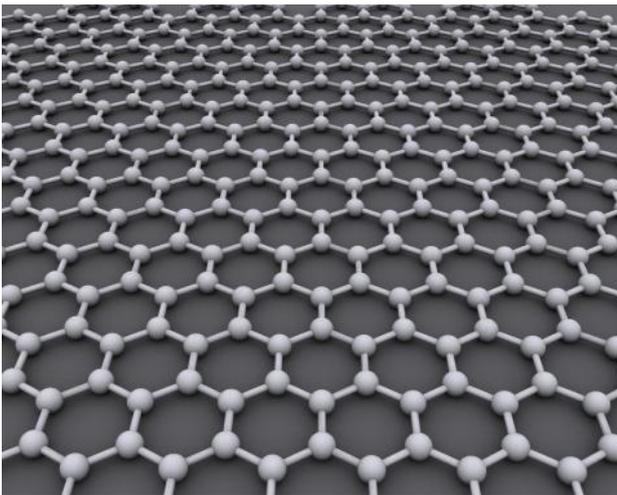
(3).

0,142

nm.



3.

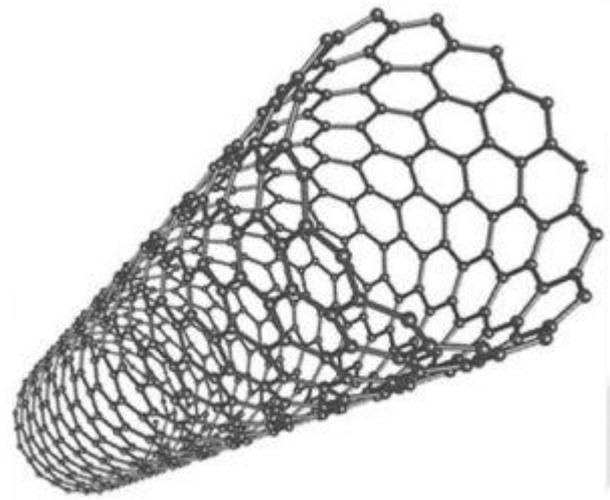


4.

[9]

2004

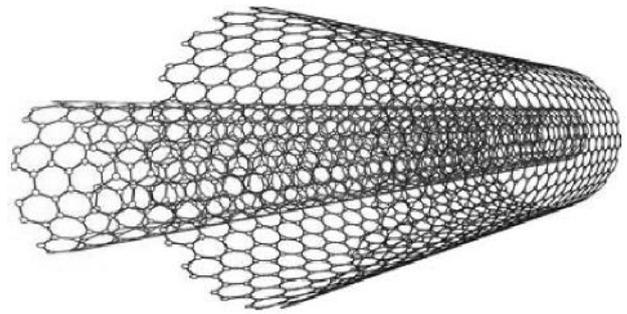
” [6].



5.

[10]

(5)
(6).



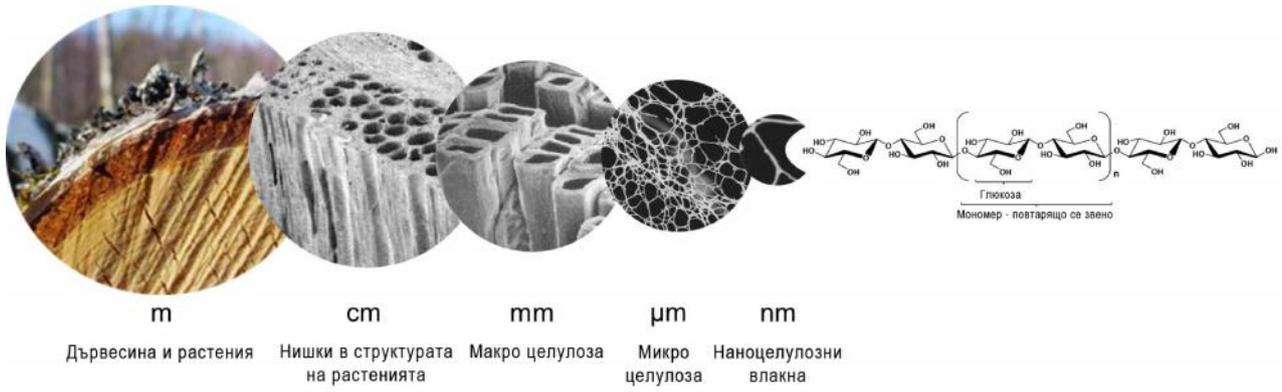
6.

” ”

” 2018

, 26

2018



7. [4]

3. [1, 3, 7].

• :
 () ;
 • - 100 nm.

[2, 7].

[7, 8].

pH.

4.

1,57 GPa,

[5].

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10. <http://www.cet-science.com>

1, 1, 2,
1,
1
dgosp@abv.bg
2
:
:
:
e
, NBR
e

CHANGE OF THE MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF HYPERELASTIC MATERIALS USED IN THE FOOD PROCESSING EQUIPMENT AS A RESULT OF AGEING

DELYAN GOSPODINOV¹, VILHELM HADJISKI¹, DONKA DONEVA², DIMITAR AVDJISKI¹

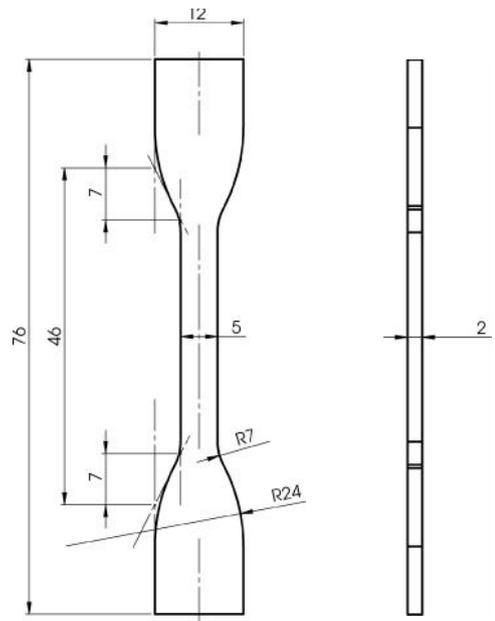
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²ZKU Stara Zagora

Abstract: Results from experimental mechanical study of vulcanized rubber used as seals in the food processing equipment in the conditions of accelerated ageing are presented. The change of the basic mechanical characteristics such as tensile strength, elongation, modulus of elasticity and hardness are presented as a result of the ageing occurring because of heat treatment.

Key words: vulcanized rubber, NBR rubber, experimental study, change of mechanical properties, ageing

1.



1.

- CAD CAE

2 mm.

2.



2.

2.

1.

3.

()

()

24, 48 72



3.

6 mm.

32 mm

20
4

5



5.

4.
24

48 72



4.

6.

NBR

F,
L.

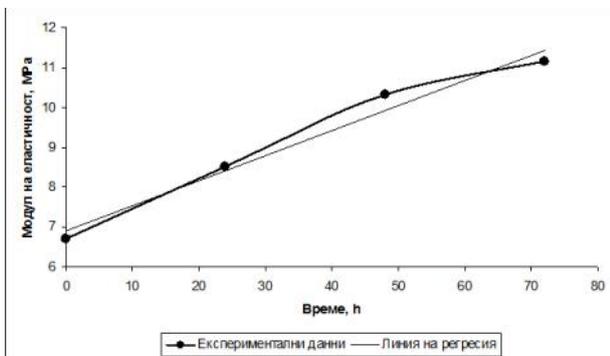
R_M



3. 6
1 E

1. R_M, MPa

		24 h	48 h	72 h
1	6,55	8,39	10,25	11,49
2	6,81	8,67	10,68	10,76
3	6,78	8,76	10,30	11,22
4	6,65	8,21	10,14	11,06
5	6,77	8,46	10,17	11,16
	6,71	8,50	10,31	11,14



7.

$$Y(X) = 0,06X + 6,90 \quad (1)$$

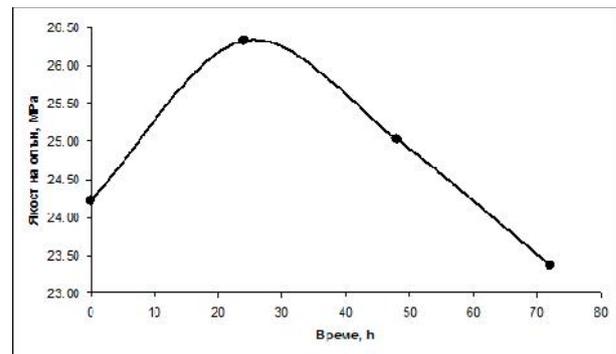
R^2
0,96.

2 $R_M,$
8,

2.

R_M, MPa

		24 h	48 h	72 h
1	25,15	25,92	25,29	24,66
2	24,76	25,24	24,02	24,27
3	23,02	27,11	25,97	24,17
4	23,02	27,11	25,97	24,17
5	24,65	26,16	25,48	24,59
	24,22	26,33	25,03	23,37



8.

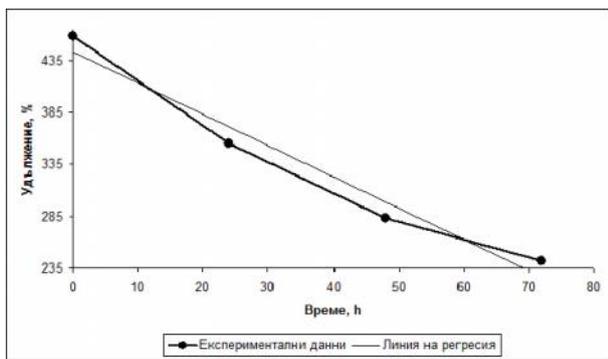
3.

9.

3.

$\%$

		24 h	48 h	72 h
1	471,84	338,00	289,50	249,90
2	410,27	339,00	268,60	241,93
3	486,94	378,95	299,69	260,52
4	493,54	357,25	266,16	204,27
5	434,37	364,52	290,47	253,42
	459,39	355,54	282,88	242,01



9.

$$Y(X) = -3,02X + 443,68 \quad (2)$$

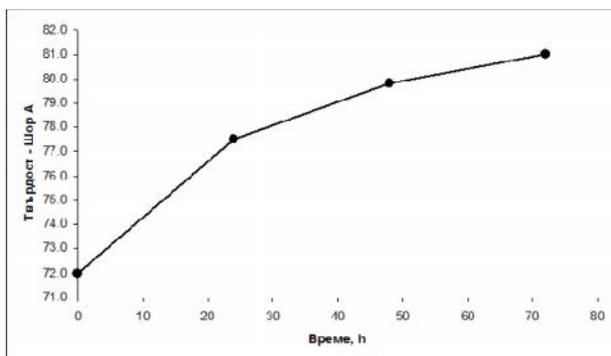
0,94.

4

10.

4.

, h		
1		72,0
2	24	77,5
3	48	79,8
4	72	81,0



10.

4.

1.

NBR

2.

3.

1.

ISBN 954-8292-32-7

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GEOMETRIC CHARACTERISTICS OF SURFACES RESULTING FROM WATER JET CUTTING

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¹UFT Plovdiv – Plovdiv – Bulgaria

Abstract: *The article examines basic characteristics of surfaces resulting from water jet cutting. Experimentally determined characteristics for surfaces of polymer-based material used in direct contact with food products. The ways for representing the geometric characteristics in technical documents are described.*

Key words: *water jet abrasive cutting, metrological characteristics.*

1.

1)

2)

3)

4)

5)

6)

7)

0,5-1 mm,

0,08 – 0,5 mm

1200 m/s.

1)

2)

[2, 3]:

M a,

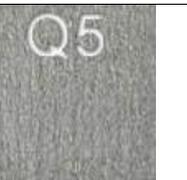
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413

: 517 M a.

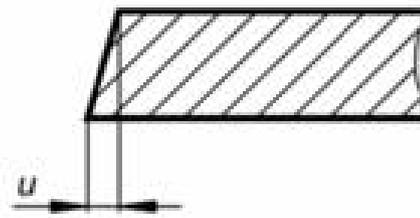
() , ,
 () , PVC, 2.
 (HDPE), (), 1.

1.

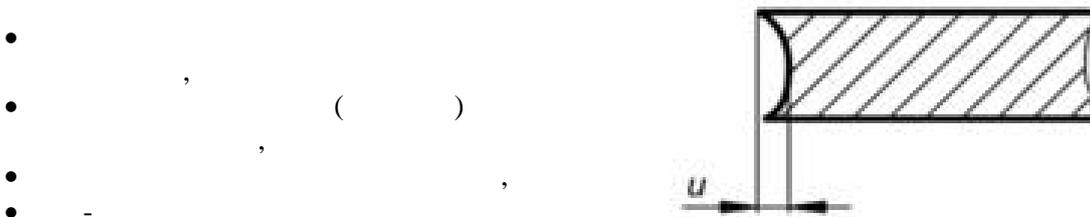
					
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5
	extra coarse	coarse	medium	fine	extra fine
	$\pm 1,0 \text{ mm}$	$\pm 0,5 \text{ mm}$	$\pm 0,25 \text{ mm}$	$\pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$	$\pm 0,15 \text{ mm}$

3.

• () , ()
 • () , ()
 • 90° , ()
 • (300 mm) , 5.
 • 8
 • mm, ISO 9013.
 • u (1).

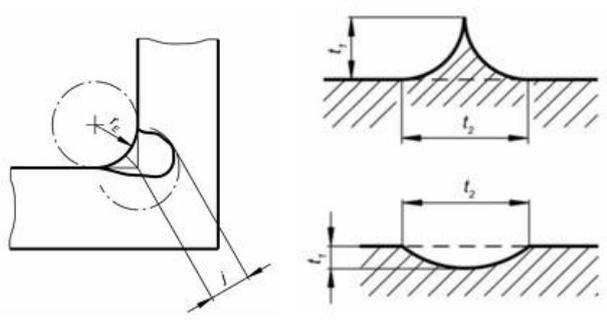


4.



1.

defects), r_E - (corner), t_1/t_2 -



2.

2). (corner), 2). [1, 4, 5]:

1) EN ISO 9013:2006

(ISO 9013: 2017 Thermal cutting - Classification of thermal cuts - Geometrical product specification and quality tolerances).

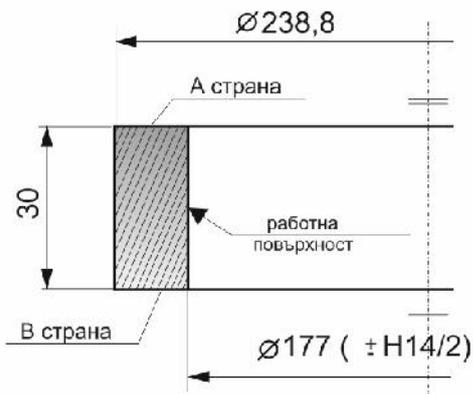
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3) VDI (Verein Deutscher Ingenieure/Association of German Engineers)-Standard: VDI/DGQ 3441 Statistical Testing of the Operational and Positional Accuracy of Machine Tools.

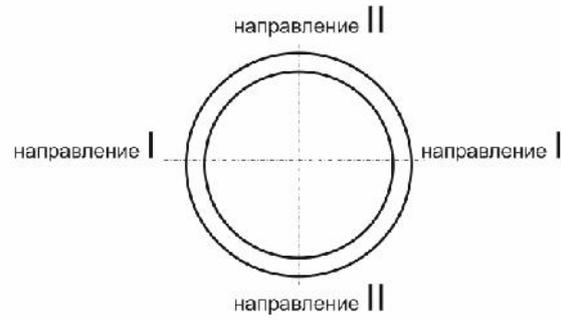
2.

Q	Ra	u	j	t_1/t_2	mm
		mm	mm		mm
Q5	3,2	<0,05	<0,25	<0,1	<20
Q4	6,3	<0,10	<0,7	<0,25	<30
Q3	12,5	<0,20	<1,5	<0,5	<40
Q2	25	<0,30	<3,0	<1,0	<150
Q1	50	>0,30	>3,0	>1,0	<300

6.



3.



Q2 (. 1).

9.

1.

2.

3.

5.

1. EN ISO 9013:2006

(ISO 9013: 2017 Thermal

cutting - Classification of thermal cuts - Geometrical product specification and quality tolerances).

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HYPOTHESIS FOR THE INFLUENCE OF TECHNOLOGICAL FACTORS ON THE QUALITY OF THE TREATED SURFACE BY THE PROCESS OF DIAMONDED TURNING

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Abstract: *In this report, scientific hypotheses have been raised about the influence of technological factors on the quality of the surface treated in diamond turning. A classification of the technological factors influencing the quality of the surface during processing by diamond turning was made. The raised scientific hypotheses explain what would be the changes in the roughness of the surface to be treated by diamond turning when changing the different technological factors.*

Key words: *scientific hypotheses, technological factors, quality of the surface, diamond turning*

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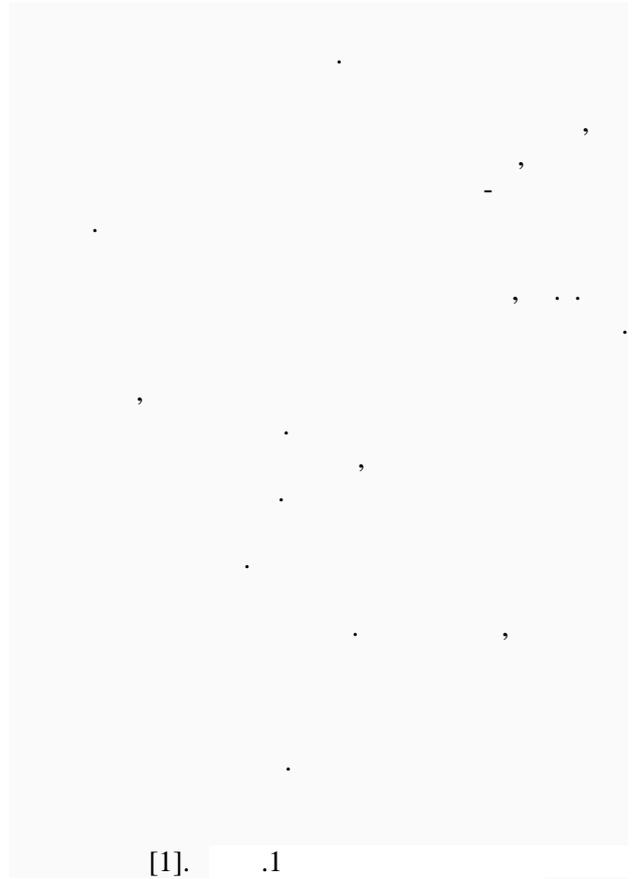
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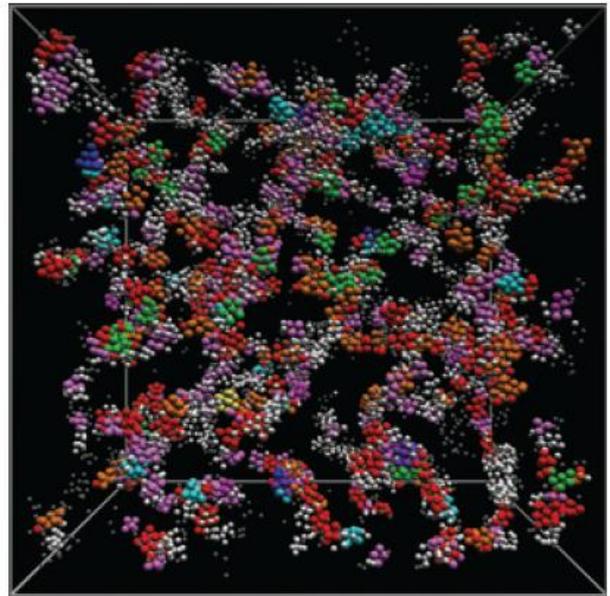
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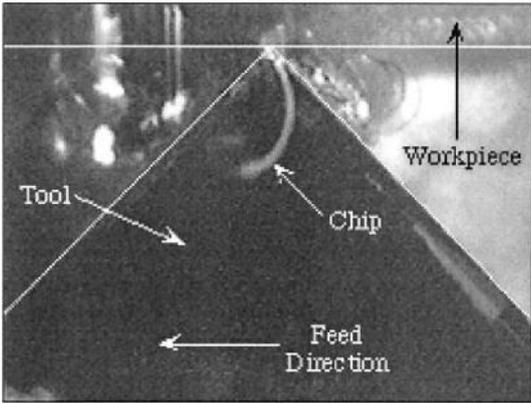
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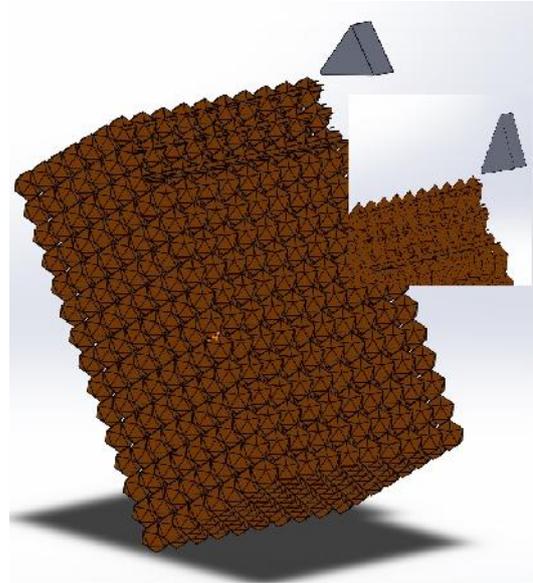
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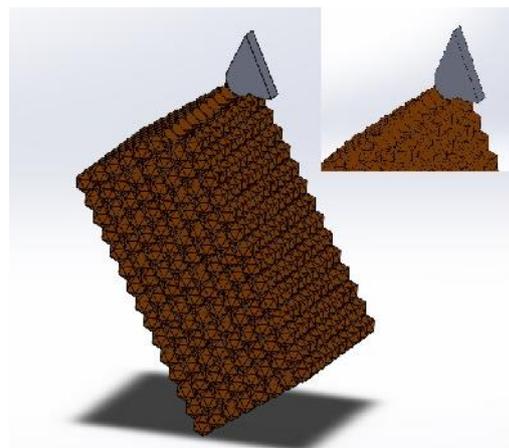
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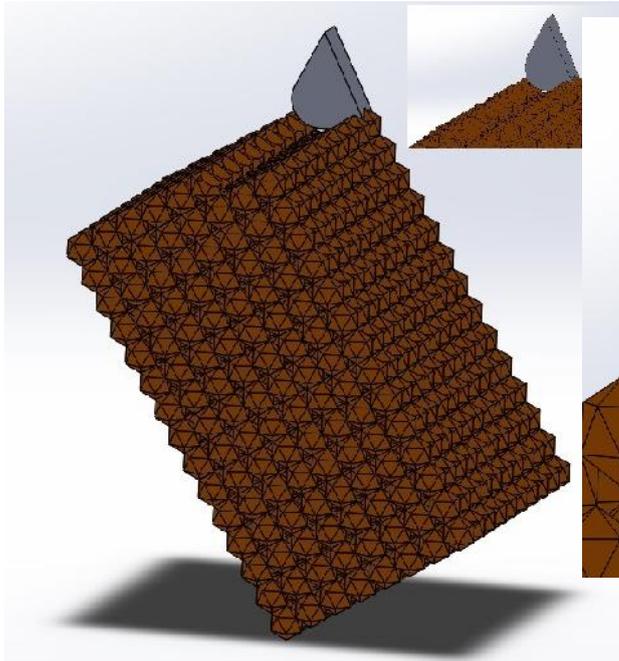
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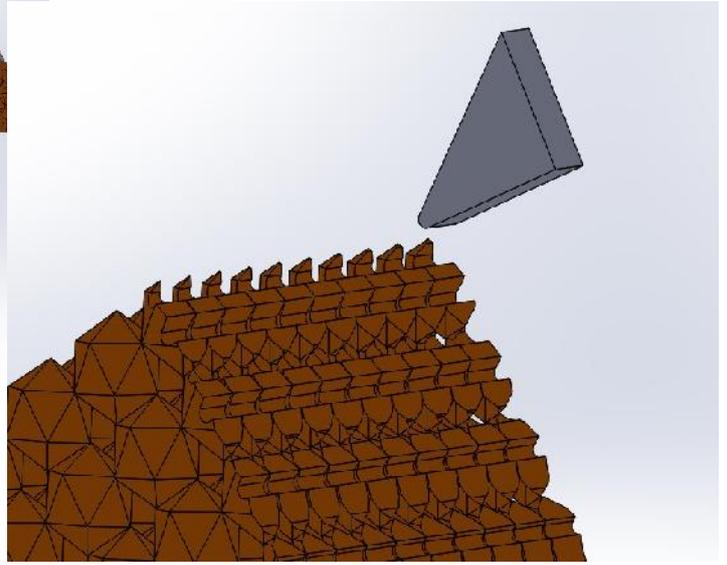
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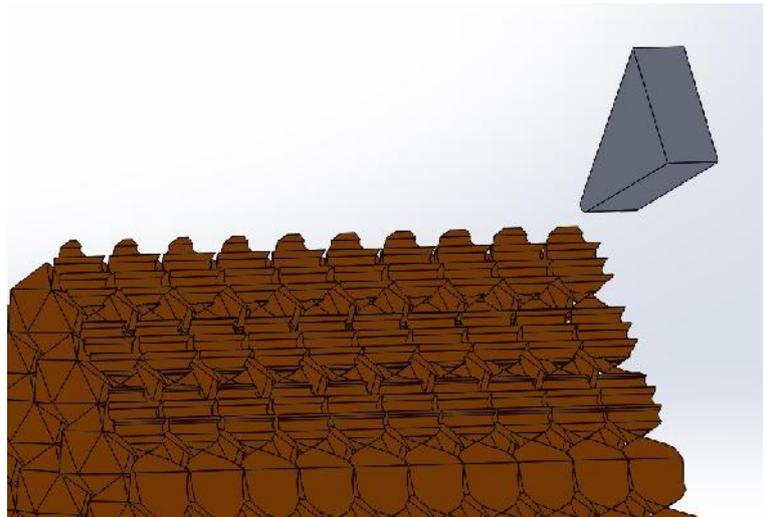
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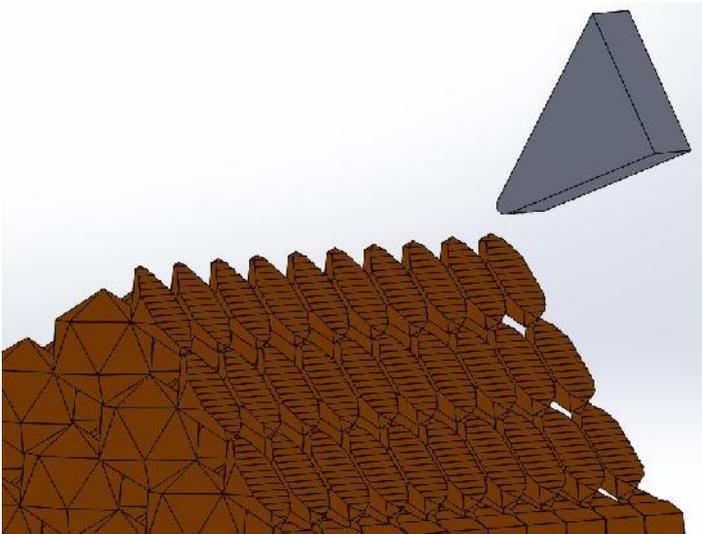


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DETERMINATION OF TRANSFORM COEFFICIENTS BY MILLING CONSIDERING THE PHENOMENON OF TECHNICAL HEREDITY

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Abstract: *Taking into account the mutual influence of the constituent inaccuracies arising from milling, taking into account the phenomenon of technological heredity, their determination is proposed methodology allows the calculation of the transform coefficients.*

Key words: *technological heredity, milling, accuracy, transform coefficients*

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3,4,5,6,7].

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[3,4,8,9].

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$$(1) \quad v_d = v_j + v + v + v, \quad v \quad v -$$

$$(1^-), \quad v - \quad ; a_3, v_j - \quad v_j$$

$$(2^-); \quad v - \quad v -$$

$$(3^-); \quad v - \quad ; a_3, v -$$

$$(4^-). \quad (\quad) \quad v \quad v$$

$$(1) \quad ; a_4, v_j - \quad (\quad)$$

$$v_j = (v_j)_D - a_{1,v} (v -)_D - \quad ; a_4, v -$$

$$- a_{1,v} (v -)_D + a_{1,v} (v -)_D, \quad (\quad) \quad v$$

$$v = - a_{2,v_j} (v_j)_D + (v -)_D + \quad ; a_4,$$

$$+ a_{2,v} (v -)_D - a_{2,v} (v -)_D, \quad v -$$

$$(2) \quad v = - a_{3,v_j} (v_j)_D + a_{3,v} (v -)_D + \quad v$$

$$(v -)_D - a_{3,v} (v -)_D, \quad (\quad) \quad v$$

$$v = a_{4,v_j} (v_j)_D - a_{4,v} (v -)_D - \quad (v_j)_D,$$

$$- a_{4,v} (v -)_D + (v -)_D, \quad (v -)_D, (v -)_D, (v -)_D$$

$$(v_j)_D \quad (\quad) \quad v_j$$

$$(\quad); \quad a_{1,v} - \quad (2)$$

$$(\quad) \quad v \quad v_j$$

$$; (v -)_D - \quad v$$

$$(\quad); a_{1,v} - \quad [$$

$$(\quad) \quad v \quad . 2015]:$$

$$v_j \quad ; (v -)_D \quad 1. \quad (v_j)_D, (v -)_D, (v -)_D, (v -)_D$$

$$(\quad); a_{1,v} - \quad (f_z, v_c, a_p).$$

$$v \quad v_j \quad 2.$$

$$; (v -)_D; \quad v \quad (\quad); a_2, \quad + v, a_{p,1} = a_p - v_j, a_{p,2} = a_p + v, a_{p,3} = a_p$$

$$(\quad) \quad v_j \quad v \quad + v, a_{p,4} = a_p - v.$$

$$; a_2, v - \quad (\quad) \quad 3.$$

$$v \quad v \quad v', v', v'$$

$$a_{p,1},$$

$$4. \quad v_j, v', v'$$

$$a_{p,2},$$

$$5. \quad v_j, v', v'$$

$$a_{p,3},$$

$$6. \quad v_j, v', v'$$

$$a_{p,4},$$

7.

$$(3) \quad a_{x,y} = \frac{|(Ux)_D - Ux|}{(Uy)_D},$$

$(Ux)_D$ (); Ux , Ux , Uy , $(Uy)_D$ (2).

13 12 2B2
 • - P10;
 • - D=125 mm,
 $z=14, \alpha=15^\circ, \gamma=5^\circ, \chi=90^\circ, \chi'=5^\circ, r=0,5\text{mm}, \rho=50\mu\text{m};$
 •
 $b=160\text{ mm} \quad l = 200\text{mm}.$

- 1) $v_c=1,0\text{m/s}, a_p=2,0\text{mm}, f_z=0,05...0,35\text{mm};$
- 2) $v_c=0,5...2,5\text{m/s}, a_p=2,0\text{mm}, f_z=0,2\text{mm}.$

1. : f_z

v ;

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: v_c

v .

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$v_c (\cdot 1).$

1. : f_z

:

v

(\cdot 1) (v , v'

v (\cdot 1)

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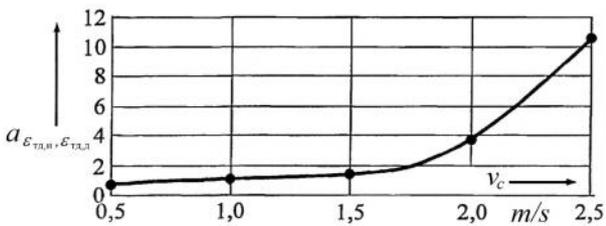
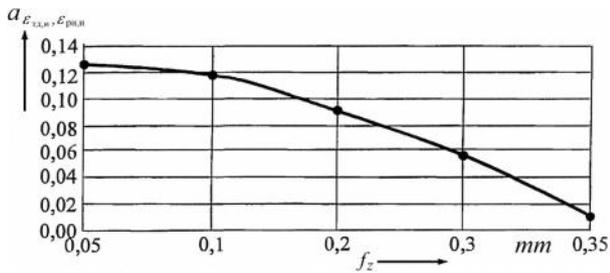
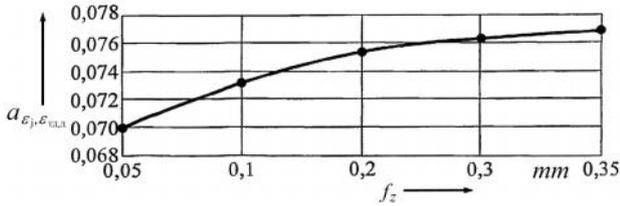
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v_c

v (\cdot 1) (

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f_z (. 1, 2, 3), v_c



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$a_{v_j, v_j} () f_z$

$a_{v_j, v_j} v_c$

(3) $a_{U_x, U_y} = C f_z^a v_c^b$,

a_{U_x, U_y} U_y U_x ; C, a, b -

(3) C

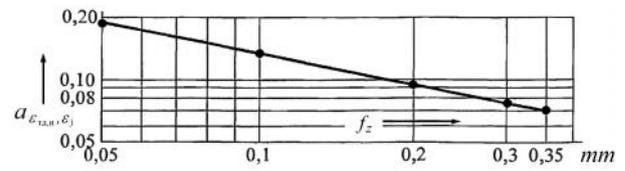
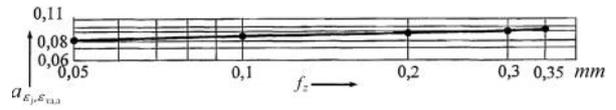
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$a_{v_j, v_j} = 0,0809 f_z^{1,692}$

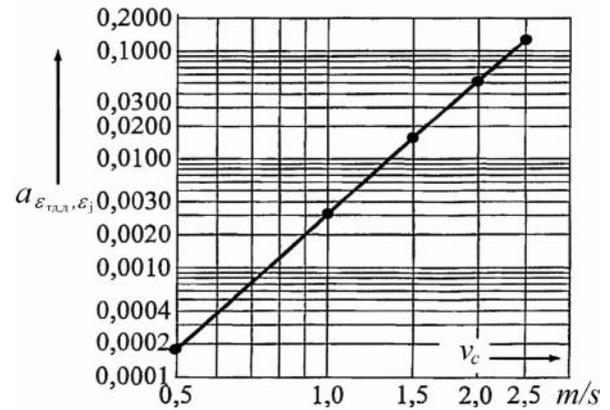
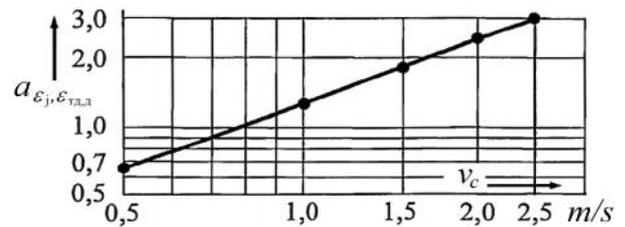
$a_{v_j, v_j} = 0,042 f_z^{-0,4947}$



.2.

$a_{v_j, v_j} ()$

$a_{v_j, v_j} () f_z$



.3.

$a_{v_j, v_j} (a)$

$a_{v_j, v_j} () v_c$

$a_{v_j, v_j} = 1,1999 v_c^{1,0028}$

$a_{v_j, v_j} = 0,03 v_c^{4,0628}$

$$a_{v_j, v_j} = \dots$$

$$a_{v_j, v_j} = 1, a_{v_j, v_j} = 1 \dots$$

$$a_{v_j, v_j} = \dots$$

$$a_{U_x, U_y} = n f_z^m$$

$$R^2 = 0,9833; 0,7908;$$

$$0,7758; 0,7738.$$

$$C = \frac{a_{U_x, U_y}}{f_z^a v_c^b}$$

$$a_{U_x, U_y} = n f_z^m, a_{U_x, U_y} = n v_c^m$$

$$a_{v_j, v_j} = 0,0061 f_z^{-0,3069}$$

$$a_{v_j, v_j} = 0,5315 v_c^{1,0467}$$

1.

13X11H2B2

Ux	Uy							
	v_j		v_j		v_j		v_j	
	n	m	n	m	n	m	n	m
$a_{U_x, U_y} = n f_z^m$								
v_j	-	-	0,0463	0,0809	1,2723	0,0030	1,5178	0,4119
v_j	0,3506	0,0240	-	-	0,3248	0,0067	1,1415	0,0294
v_j	0,4947	0,0420	0,5491	0,1789	-	-	1,1690	0,0060
v_j	0,3069	0,0061	0,2910	0,1671	1,1107	0,0012	-	-
$a_{\Delta x, \Delta y} = n v_c^m$								
v_j	-	-	1,1999	0,0463	0,1422	-1,2733	0,1987	1,5178
v_j	0,0030	-0,3506	-	-	0,0103	-0,3248	0,0051	1,1415
v_j	0,5741	-0,4974	2,4805	0,5491	-	-	0,4331	-1,1690
v_j	0,5315	-0,3069	2,1539	0,2910	0,2006	-1,1107	-	-

WORK PLANNING FOR ET “BOYANA – KRASIMIR BUNCHEV” – STARA ZAGORA

NIKOLAY BUNCHEV, ZHAKLIN ALEKSIEVA, DIMITAR GROZEV

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Abstract: *This report is a short analysis of work planning for an international freight transport company. A comparative analysis of the expenditure of two trucks was made.*

Key words: *transport, international transport, truck, fuel consumption.*

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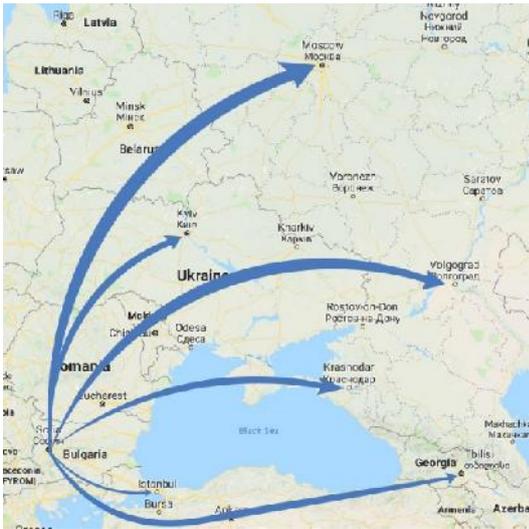
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2	26.7.2017	-	21
	7.8.2017	-	21
3	17.8.2017	-	20
	30.8.2017	-	21
4	27.9.2017	-	20
	10.10.2017	-	18
5	26.10.2017	-	22
	9.11.2017	-	20
6	27.11.2017	-	19
	11.12.2017	-	18
7	23.1.2018	-	22

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DAF XF95

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	23.6.2017	-	20
2	13.7.2017	-	18
	28.7.2017	-	13
3	5.9.2017	-	19
	14.9.2017	-	13
4	28.9.2017	-	21
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5	31.10.2017	-	20
	16.11.2017	-	7
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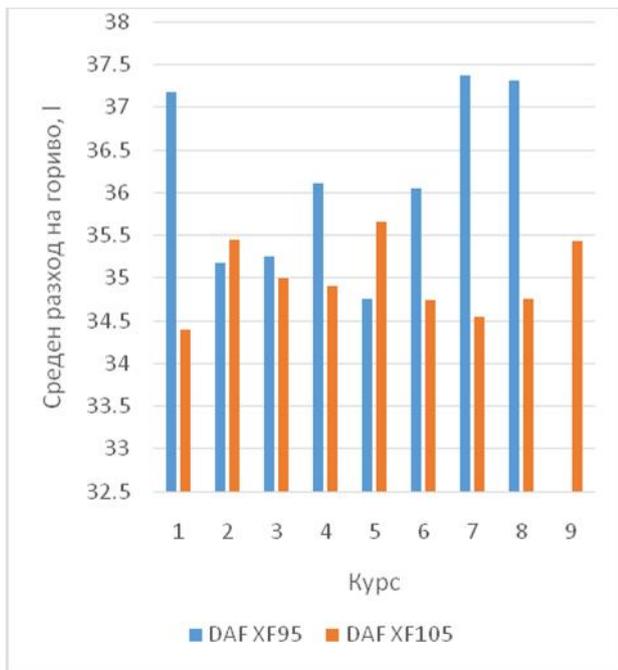
DAF XF95			
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3	6000	2114,81	35,25
4	8300	2997,33	36,11
5	6400	2224,95	34,76
6	5500	1982,96	36,05
7	6400	2392,22	37,38
8	5250	1959,44	37,32
:	51500	18584,50	36,15
DAF XF105			
	, km	, l	, l/100 km
1	5950	2047,04	34,40
2	6400	2268,97	35,45
3	7800	2729,65	35,00
4	5800	2024,93	34,91
5	5950	2121,56	35,66
6	5700	1980,75	34,75
7	6200	2142,31	34,55
8	8300	2885,17	34,76
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THE ROLE OF PROFESSIONAL CLUBS TO INCREASE THE LEVEL OF EDUCATION OF THE TRAINING MATERIAL - INNOVATIVE METHOD IN STUDENTS TRAINING

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Abstract: From the presented traffic safety assessment in the Rousse district, it was found that drivers with a traineeship of up to 1 year are the most risky. This raises the need to improve driver training by requiring an appropriate learning platform including a specialized car and a polygon playground as well as a set of appropriate exercises. This learning platform is presented in this report.

Key words: professional clubs, innovative method, knowledge, students, guides, learning platform, traffic safety, etc.

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1. Atanasova-Petrova P., Lyubenov D., Kostadinov S. (2016). "A study of driving simulator to improve road traffic safety". Conference University of Ruse Union of Scientists – Ruse, Proceedings volume 50, book 4 1311-3321.

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INDICATORS FOR THE ASSESSMENT OF CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY IN A FOOD INDUSTRY ENTERPRISE

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Abstract: *There are different business practices and initiatives in the process of changing attitudes towards the concept of corporate social responsibility. In the food industry, the prospect is to specifically address the issues of working and pay conditions, food safety and environmental protection towards company culture integration and management strategy. This directs the survey's focus on real indicators for monitoring and evaluating achievements, on the attitude of staff towards them.*

Keywords: *corporate social responsibility, indicators for measurement, assessment indicators, social and environmental report*

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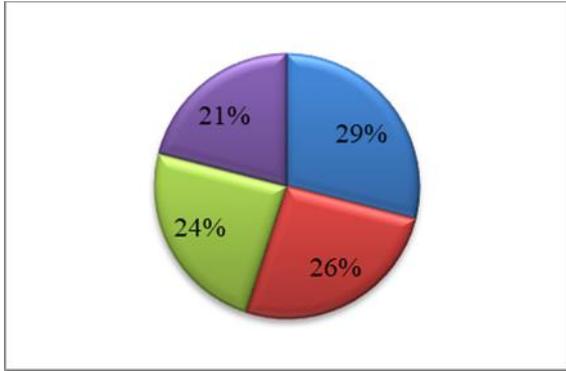
2008 .

2015 .

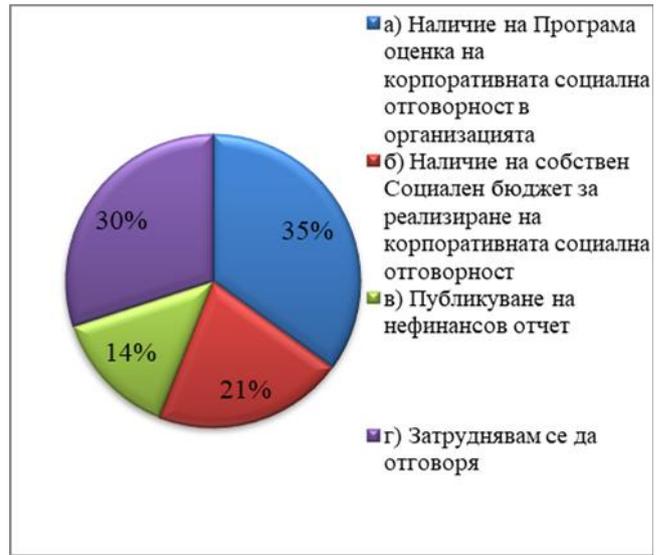
ISO 9001:2008,

ISO 22000:2005 IFS v.6.

4.2.



. 1.



. 2.

„ – „
 (. 1)
 (29%),
 (26%)
 (24%).

„ – „
 [, ,
 . ., 2016].

() .

5.

„ , „ –

,

[4].

1. , .
2. , 1/2012, . 89-100.
3. , 1, 2016, . 371-375.
4. 3/2011 (30), . 83-89.
5. , 1/2018, : . 8-34
6. www.bblf.bg
7. www.bsci.-intl.bg
8. www.unglobalcompact.bg
9. www.cheh.com
9. www.iso.org/iso/social_responsibilit

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ECONOMIC ARGUMENTS FOR IMPROVING THE PRODUCTION ORGANIZATION IN THE INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISE

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University of Food Technologies - Plovdiv
a_teneva@uft-plovdiv.bg, skarelov@abv.bg

Abstract: *The study confirms that it is necessary to unify an economic base in a unified production and technical system for an efficient organization of production process. Modifications in equipment and technology, in product upgrading and organizational structure are only prerequisites for increasing efficiency. The financial analysis focuses on profitability and the solvency of the industrial enterprise. Moreover, it provides objective information about its condition. The level of organization reflects its sustainability and competitiveness in the manufacturing sphere, the efficiency of the use of the invested own capital.*

Key words: *production process organization, industrial enterprise*

1.

[, ., 2007].

-
-
-
-

, UV

2.

[, ., 2012].

[, ., 2012].

[, ., 2012].

3.

[, ., 2007].

”

”

4.

2.

	2015	2016	%
	325160	290850	73
	515	849	164,9
	388	591	152,3
	4,6	7,6	135,2
	60663	55605	91,7
	4	7	175

2.

2015

2016

2016 3

2015 ..

2016

3

[5]

1.

3.

2015	376000	100,00	100,00
2016	432000	112,80	112,80

[5]

SWOT

	2015	2016	.
	25720	17980	-30,09
	57566	32287	-43,9
	12682	9695	-23,6
	3909	4244	8,6
	8353	8028	-3,9
	13154	-27061	-105,7
	27200	21850	19,69

3.,

	1,6	1,8	0,2
	5,3	5,1	0,2
	5,4	5,4	0

2016 ., - 79,2%.

2,64%.

0,2%,

6.85%

2016 .

2016 .

2016 .

4.

2015 – 2016 .

	2015	2016	
	81,4	80,8	-1,4
	6,3	6,9	0,6

5.

2015 – 2016 .

	2015	2016	
	0,76	0,77	101,3
	0,4	0,13	32,5
	0,05	0,03	60

” ,

	27,120	29,050,1	1,930

5.

()

2016 . 2015 .
0,01 , 2015 2016 . 1,

2016 .
11%.

2016 . 2015 .
31%,
11%.

2016 .

” ”

1. , . , 2007.
2. , .
3. , . ” - , 4/2010.

e

- ,4/2012 (35). , 4. , „ . . -
 ,2008. , -
 5. fibrotech-bg.com

STAFF PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT IN INDUSTRIAL COMPANIES

HRISTO BORISOV, VENETA MARKOVSKA

*University of Food Tehnologies - Plovdiv
E-mail 1, borisoff89@abv.bg, E-mail 2, venetta@abv.bg*

Abstract: *Efficiency of human resource management is critical for sustainable business growth and building of competitive advantages. Staff performance assessment is very important part of overall HR management framework as it provides feedback and information on efficiency of management decisions. Use of appropriate assessment methods can improve productivity and overall satisfaction. In this paper we provide guidance for improving the assessment procedures and ways to put them in line with individual objectives and pursuit of equitable remuneration.*

Key words: *staff performance assessment, company objectives, individual goals, equitable remuneration.*

() -

2009 -2010 „ „

2011 - 2015 . .

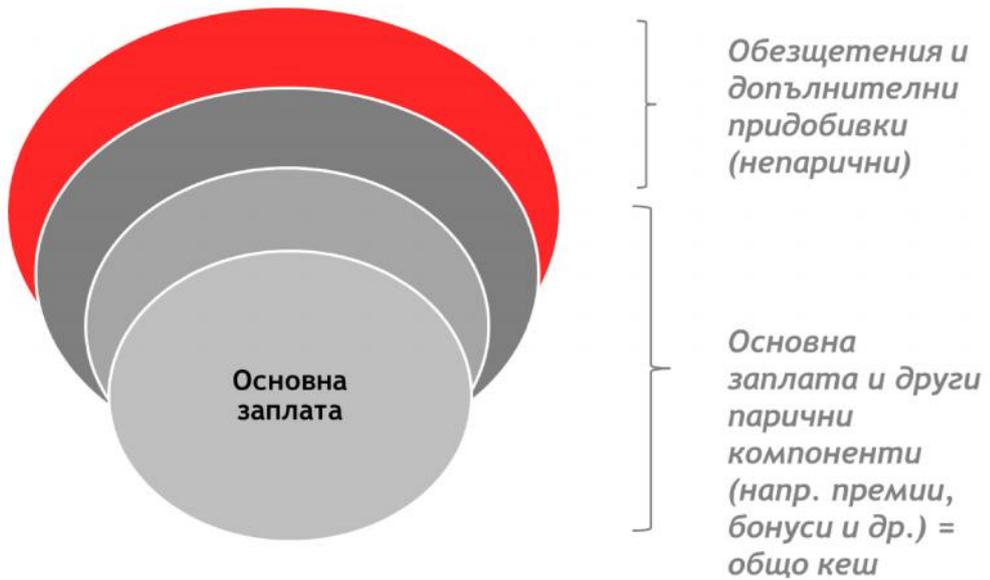
2015 . ” 17% 2014 . “

3.

“ ”

(, , - .)

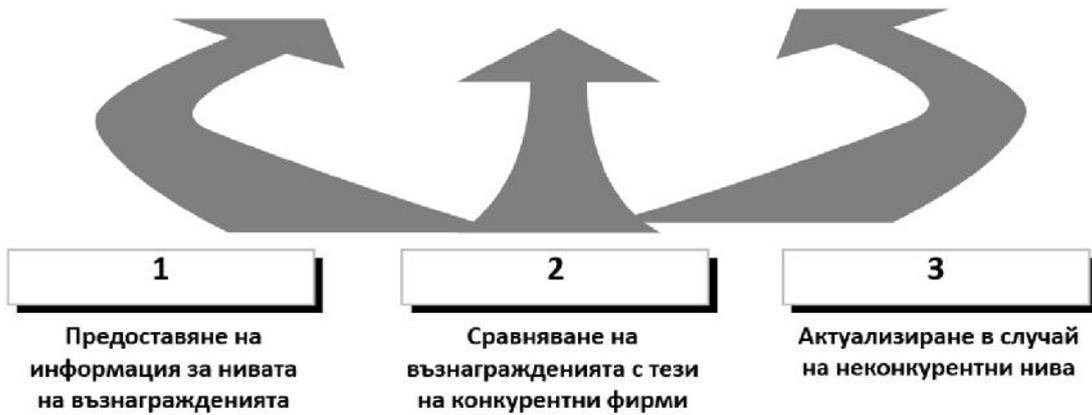
[11]:



⇒ **Възнаграждения / заплати + доп.придобивки = общо възнаграждение**

1.

ТРИ АНГАЖИМЕНТА



2.

4. „

“

Пазарно ниво

на възнагражденията
(Медиана на пазара)

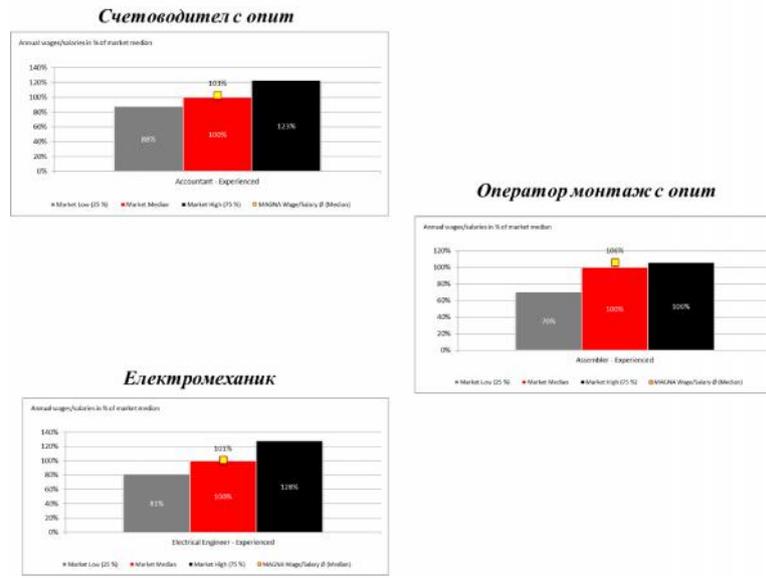


3.

”

“

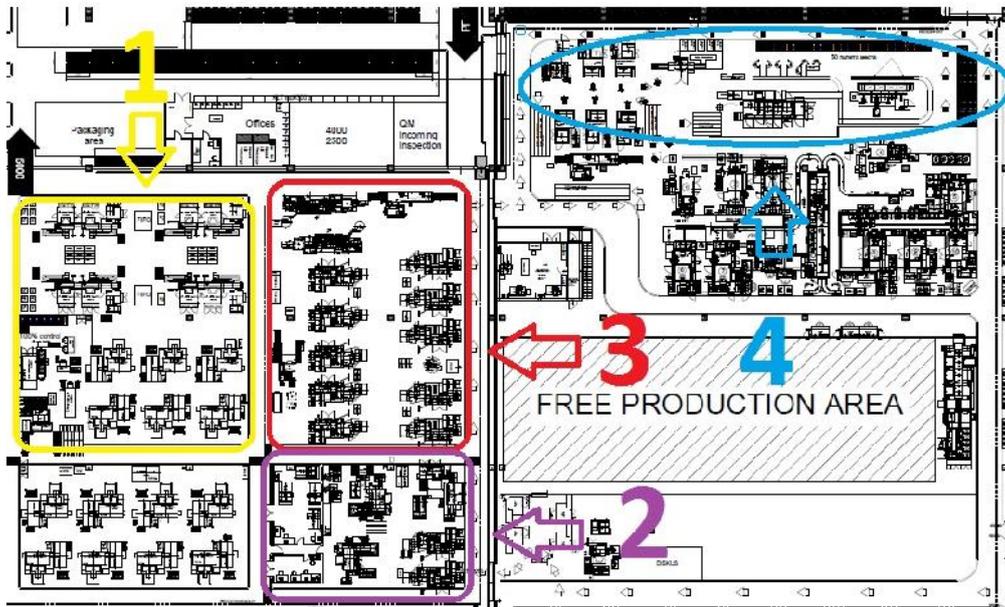
MERCER TRS Bulgaria 2016



4.

”

“



5.

4

5

7

Team Leader

() ,

() ,

XXI

pavlina_zoneva@abv.bg

XXI 3
XXI XXI

THE MARKET IN THE 21ST CENTURY

PAVLINA ZONEVA
TU-Sofia – Branch Plovdiv

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Abstract: *The evolution of the markets has three stages: traditional market, contemporary market and market of the 21st century. This classification is based on the level of information access that each participant in the market is provided with. The advent of the market of the 21st century, as a result of the growing globalization and digitalization, has changed the marketing approaches, as well as the customer culture and behaviour.*

Key words: *market, information technologies, marketing mix, market in the 21st century*

1.

4 XXI
: ”
- “
[1] !”,
“
!“. [3]
“

2.

2.1

: ” “ - ”
“

“(push effect).

[1]

[2]

[2]

XXI

Amazon, ebay aliexpress,

2.2

XXI

[1]

XXI

effect)

“(pull

2.2.1

2.2.3

й.

2.2.2

2.2.4

5%

й

”

feedback,

2.3

XXI

XXI

1. Sarkar, Chr., What's next – an interview with Philip Kotler on the future of marketing, *The marketing journal*
2. , . (2006), , 28-30. –
3. Kotler, Ph. (2003), *Marketing insights from A to Z*, John Wiley and Sons Inc.,

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ANALYSIS OF THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF A FOOD INDUSTRY ENTERPRISE

JENYA ELENICHEVA, PETYA YORDANOVA - DINOVA

University of Food Technology - Plovdiv , University of Food Technology - Plovdiv.

jenq.elencheva@gmail.com, petia1222@abv.bg

Abstract: *The article presents the results of a survey of the ratio between equity and debt according to the company's financial reporting. The impact of financial leverage on the profitability of equity is determined.*

Key words: *capital structure, financial leverage, enterprise, food industry.*

1.

2.

2.1.

„

[3].

3.

3.1.

2008-2015



[2].

. 1.

2008-2015 .

. 1

2.2.

() ()

/
24,62:75,38.

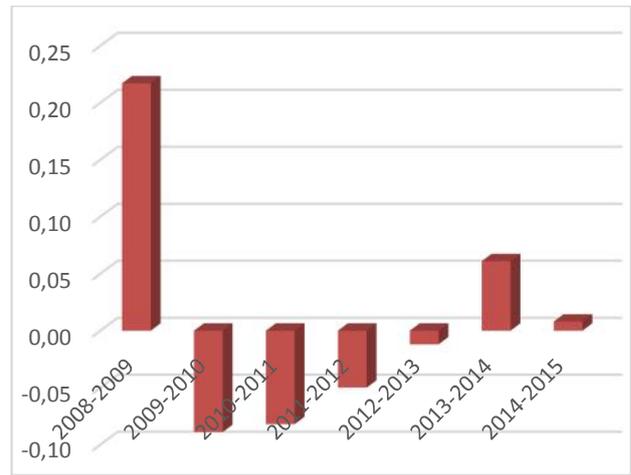
2015 .

50,82:49,18,

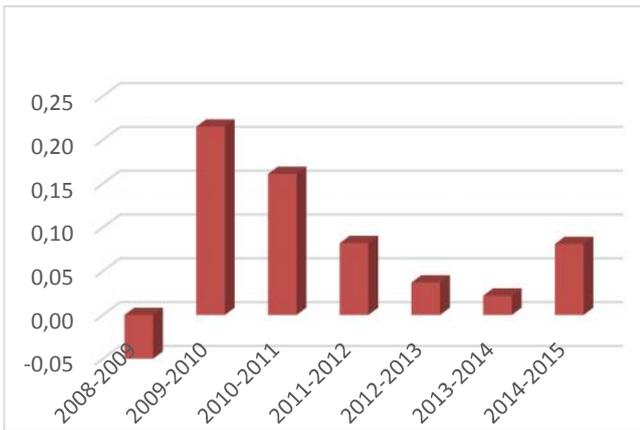
-2”

()

3.1.1.



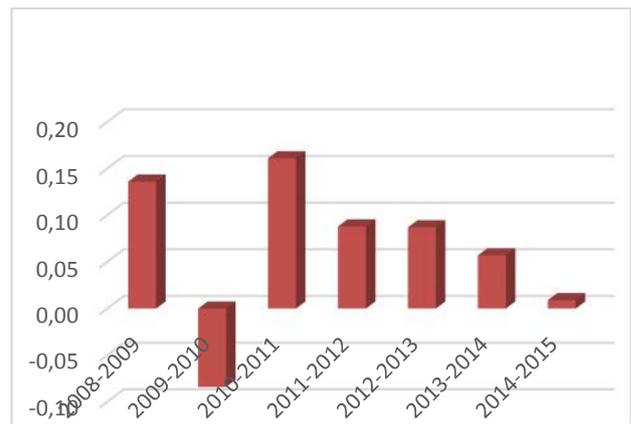
. 3.



. 2.

2008-2015 .
 2013 . 2014
 2014 . 2015 .
 -2”

3.1.3.



. 4.

2009 .

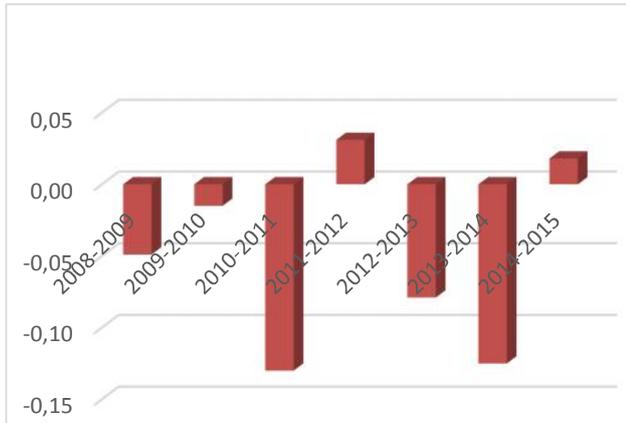
2008 .

3.1.2.

2015- 2014 .

” , -2”

3.1.4.



2008-2015 . 0,60- 0,65. ” -2”

. 5.

/ 2015 . 1:1. 1:3,

. 5

2011 .
2012 . 2015 .
2014 .

3.2.

/

”

0,01. $r = 0,313,$

- [1] , , 2007, . 333-334.
- [2] , , 45” – , 2015, . 137-140.
- [3] , , 2001, . 288-297.

” ,

stavreva@mail.bg

THE ROLE OF EMOTIONS IN TAKING A PURCHASING DECISION

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E-mail: stavreva@mail.bg

Abstract: *The report focuses on issues related to emotional impacts on the behavior of individual users when making a purchasing decision. All of us as consumers have reasons for choosing a product and we have criteria that we set to choose this product. The criteria themselves can be complex and many or just one. Emotions influence the weighing of the different product selection criteria, and this is a point to justify the need to give emotional significance to the selection criteria that ensure a stable competitive position for the products.*

Key words: *emotions, shopping, influence, meaning, emotional marketing*

1.

2.

2.1

1. , , , 2013
2. Lehner, J., How We Decide (Hardcover), <http://www.jonahlehrer.com/Jonah> Lehrer, How We Decide (Hardcover), NY, 2009.
3. Lowenstein, G., The Creative Destruction of Decision Research, Journal of Consumer Resrarch, 28.no.3, (December 2001), p. 499-505

1, 2, 3, 4
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sks_ko@abv.bg⁴

BUSINESS MODEL FOR CREATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF A NEW TOURIST PRODUCT

EVGENIA CHAKAROVA¹, SREBRINA KEKENOVA², STANISLAVA DRAGANOVA³
SNEZHINKA KONSTANTINOVA⁴

University of Food Technologies – Plovdiv, Faculty of Economics^{1, 2, 3, 4}
evgenia.chakarova@abv.bg¹, srebrina.kekenova@yahoo.com², stanislava.1@abv.bg³,
sks_ko@abv.bg⁴

Abstract: *In the current business model we present the idea of a guest house that has a greenhouse complex for growing vegetables, using online platform for the distribution. The main advantage is the availability of our own property, which is located nearby the town Asenovgrad. We present an entirely new tourist product in the local market, therefore the forecast of the business development is favorable.*

Key words: *business model, tourism, new tourist product, agriculture, distribution*

1.

13% [4]

[9]

15 17%

[7].

2.

„40-“ „40-
2.2 (PESTE)
 3
 941 3,5% 0,3%
 6,2%
 10 [5].
 49 500 2015
 1
 ()
2.1

2.3

- 1,80 / ; - 0,30 / .
- 1,50 / . 15 .

2.4

” “
3119 01.03.2018 .

www.booking.com, www.vila.bg
PR

[2].

14.

2.6

52%,

2.5

24%

1.

		+
	800 .	975,68 .
	510 .	600 .
	510 .	600 .

1

25

250 .

/ ;

- 1,60 / ;

- 0,50 / ;

- 1,70



2.

-

,

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,

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,

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:

: 24 052 .;

: 21 646,80 .

:

: 41 820 .;

: 21 646,80 .;

: 1,9 .

1.

[1]

	()
I.	
():	
1.	
2.	
3.	10 000
4.	31 320
5.	500
6.	
()	
*	41 820

II.	
():	
1.	
.	1
.	1 500
.	3
*	500
:	(/)
2.	:
.	33 308
.	16 740
.	
.	200
.	a
.	50 248
.	365
.	1 (/)
.	138
.	30
”	- “
*	()
.	4 140
III.	
1.	25 600
2.	50 000
3.	365
4.	30
*	4 110
:	(2/3*4)
IV.	50 570
()	*

3.

,

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3

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,

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-

.

() [4]

6%,

2%

20%,

,

72%

[8],

1,9 ..

75 600 .

1. , . : , 2015.
2. ()
01.07.1991 .,
05.07.1999 ., . 48 18.06.1991
„ . . 15 16.02.2018 .,
. 27 27.03.2018 .
3. , . .
 : -45, 2015.
4. <https://www.wto.org/>
5. www.nsi.bg
6. www.mi.government.bg
7. www.mzh.government.bg
8. www.tourism.government.bg
9. www.assenovgrad.com

CREATING AN INNOVATIVE PRODUCT ON THE WORLD MARKET – AN INTELLIGENT MUG „TERMOSTELLE“

PETAR SEMOV¹, FELYAT KYAMIL², SNEZHINKA KONSTANTINOVA³

University of Food Technologies – Plovdiv, Faculty of Economic^{1, 2, 3}
E-mail petyrsemov@abv.bg¹, E-mail fk.sherifova@abv.bg², E-mail sks_ko@abv.bg³

Abstract: *Impressed by the beneficial properties of coffee, its high consumption daily and the low temperatures on the globe, we have discovered an important and significant human and the environmental need. Research shows that coffee consumers are mostly people of working age, most of whom resort to buying coffee for more energy and refreshment. This motivates us to create an innovative product to reduce the contamination resulting from disposable cardboard, plastic, and other types of cups, and to maintain the quality of the coffee, keeping it warm at all times and in any place. The main idea of „Termostelle“ is to grant the pleasure of having a cup of quality coffee even in the wild. „I never laugh until I have drunk my coffee.“ Clark Gable*

Key words: *innovation, thermos, coffee, quality, Starbucks*

1.

[5] 90- Starbucks
30.03.1971 .
- 23 000 70

2.

?

5.

2017 „

3.

?

6.

„ – „stelle“ –

– „therme“ – [8].

6.1

(Starbucks)

6.2

4.

Company“

„Starbucks Coffee 30

6.3

„Earthwatch“ 2500

„Coopetarrazú“

7.

),

Starbucks,

8. „Laken“ (), „Hangzhou“, „Shenzhen“ (), „ “ ().

**9. SWOT-
9.1**

(75%) (19%).

1.

	87%
	84%
2017 .	45%
	8 ./

2003 2017 . 12,2%

[6].

9.2

9.3

9.4

**10. PESTLE-
10.1**

10.2

10.3

10.4

10.5

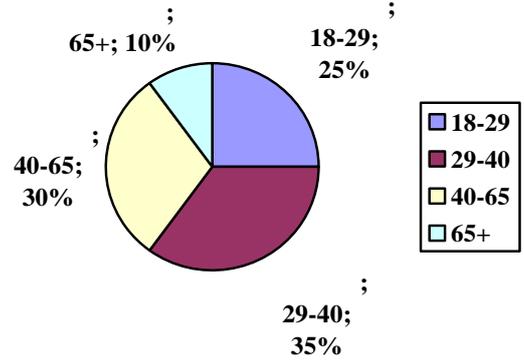
10.6

Ember technol-

20 40 .,

11.

Ember, „Thermos“, „Stanley“, „Primus“



. 1.

14.

12.

Ember

ml (), 300 ml (), 450 ml (), 560 ml ()

15.

, Amazon, Walmart, Fred Meyer

Ember

$$\left(\frac{\quad}{12}\right) - 1 = 453,59 \text{ g}$$

$$= 340,20 \text{ ml}$$

– Facebook, witter, Instagram, Internet social media –

16.

2.

[1]

600 mA.

13.

18

	15,67 ./ .
–	6,80 ./ .
	35,65 ./ .
	11 ./ .
	25,18 .
(25%)	9,18 ./ .
:	103,48 .

5. 2018 Starbucks, Company Information. Online: <https://www.starbucks.com/about-us/company-information>
6. 2018 Statista. Statistics Portal. Online: <https://www.statista.com/statistics/266466/net-revenue-of-the-starbucks-corporation-worldwide/>
7. UniCredit Bulbank, Online: <https://www.unicreditbulbank.bg/bg/individualni-klienti/>
8. <https://bg.wikipedia.org/>

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E-mail: sks_k @abv.bg³

:

Happy Bar & Grill 1994 . . . ,

Happy Bar & Grill

: , , , *Happy Bar & Grill*

ENTREPRENEURSHIP THROUGH A FRANCHISE IN THE RESTAURANT INDUSTRY

ANELIA GOGOVSKA, SERKAN HAMIT, SNEZHINKA KONSTANTINOVA

University of Food Technologies – Plovdiv, Faculty of Economics^{1, 2, 3}
E-mail: aneliagogovska@abv.bg¹, E-mail: serkanhamit8@abv.bg²,
E-mail: sks_k @abv.bg³

Abstract: *This report aims to present one of the first franchise entrepreneurial products in Bulgaria. The study shows that the first restaurant of the Happy Bar & Grill chain was opened in 1994 in Varna, which marks the beginning of the largest and fastest growing chain of restaurants in the country. Traditionally, Bulgarians are connoisseurs of good food. Thanks to the good quality of the product being offered, Happy Bar & Grill makes it possible to present this brand beyond the borders of the country.*

Key words: *entrepreneurship, franchising, restaurant, Happy Bar & Grill*

” , - 1886 . „Coca-Cola“

“ , . . ” “

’ , ,

,

Happy Bar & Grill

1.

– .
() , - -

() . , .

2.

2.1

„Happy“ [8]

2016 .
1,6%.
(100 = 1,66 .)



2016 .

15,3%.

„Happy“.



2.2

PEST- [9]



2014 .



2017 .



Happy Bar & Grill

251 .

2015 .

[10]

14 000 .

),

(18 200 .
36,4%



3%

1,5

2.3

Happy Bar & Grill

:
2,5%,

4%,

(public places)

5,5%.

2016 .

2013 .

(electronic media)

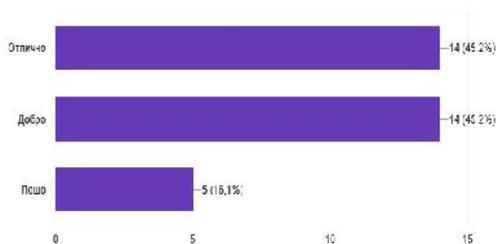
[1].



. 1. SWOT –

1. Как бихте оценили Вашето посещение в Bar&Grill Happy?

31 отговора

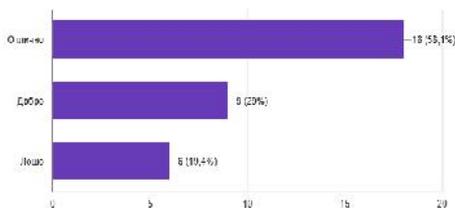


. 2.

: 14 (45,2%)
 : 14 (45,2%)
 : 5 (16,1%)

3. Как бихте оценили качеството на храната?

31 отговора

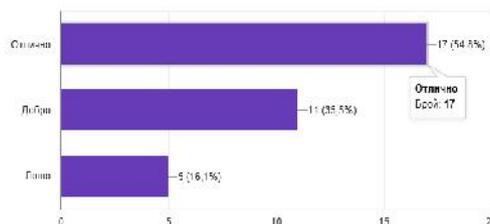


. 3.

: 18 (58,1%)
 : 9 (29,0%)
 : 6 (19,4%)

2. Как бихте оценили обслужването в Bar&Grill Happy?

31 отговора



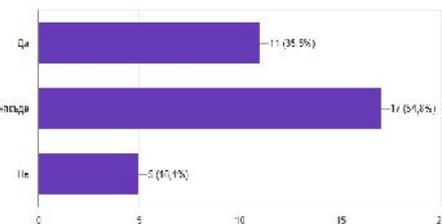
. 4.

Happy Bar & Grill

: 17 (54,8%)
 : 11 (35,5%)
 : 5 (16,1%)

Платената сума адекватна ли е спрямо вида на храната?

31 отговора

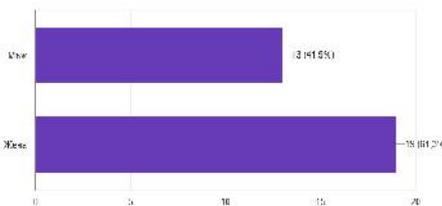


. 5.

: 11 (35,5%)
 : 5 (16,1%)
 : 17 (54,8%)

Вие сте

31 отговора



. 6.

: 13 (41,9%)
 : 19 (61,3%)

2.4.

. 7.



.7.

3.



Първоначална такса: 50 000 евро
 Месечна такса: 5% от оборота + от 2% до 4% такса реклама
 Допълнителна инвестиция: от 400 000 до 600 000 евро
 Срок на договора: 1 година с подновяване
 Бранш: Храна

.8.

Happy Bar&Grill [3]

[4].

[5]:

9

9.

		-			()
				22/12/17	100 000 000
				18/09/17	27 311 000
				10/05/12	80 000 000
				20/01/11	10 000 000
					217 311 000

: <http://www.eib.org/> [4]

500

300 . . .

300 . . .

10.

	500 . . .
	50 000,00 €
	10 000,00 €
	150 000,00 €
	100 000,00 €
	75 000,00 €
Happy	10 000,00 €
	40 000,00 €
	5.000,00 €
	3 000,00 €
(1)	
(,	30 000,00 €
	473 000,00 €

4.

(IFA) [6]

, 82%

20%

2035 .,

50%

" 2018

, 26

2018

McDonald's, Subway, KFC, Dunkin' Donuts.
Happy Bar & Grill

1. , . (2017).
2. , . . (2015).
3. [https://franchising.bg/bg/ - / - - - -Happy-Bar-and-rill- /](https://franchising.bg/bg/- / - - - -Happy-Bar-and-rill- /)
4. <http://www.eib.org/>
5. https://europa.eu/european-union/about-eu/institutions-bodies/european-investment-bank_bg
6. <https://www.franchise.org/>
7. <https://cloudcart.com/bg/blog/perfektniyat-marketingov-plan/>
8. <http://happy.bg/>
9. <https://www.mi.government.bg/bg/themes/s-arbiya>
10. <http://www.worldbank.org>

2.2.

100 000 . (50 000

2.5.

2.5.1.

2.3.

2.3.1.

1)

2)

3)

2.3.2.

1)

2)

3)

2.4.

!“

“ 56

how);

(know-

(24 . . .)
“(20 . . .).”

www.grand-tour.com.

(),

1) : 4 / :
650 . . .

2.5.2.

4*

(7€ 1-

2)).
- , / - 12 /11
4 800

2.6.

2.6.1

2.6.2

2.6.3

(80 . . .);

(8 . . .)

“(30 . . .)

.);
.);

(- ,),

2.6.4

2.7.
2.7.1

2.7.2.

2.7.3.

2.8. SWOT

2.8.1.

2.8.2.

2.8.3.

2.8.4.

3.2.

3.

15%

104 050 ., - 1 248 600 .

3.3.

1.

	100 000 .
	1 248 600 .
	1 151 384 .
	97 216 .
	8 101,33 .
()	87 494,40 .

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1. , „ , - , , 2014.
2. , : , 2015.
3. , (), 2016/2017.
4. , : -45, 2015.
5. <https://clientric.bg/academy/bg/tendencii-turizam/>
6. <http://www.abtta.com/>

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Du Pont,

ANALYSIS OF THE RENTABILITY OF A FOOD INDUSTRY BY THE DU PONT'S MODEL

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Abstract: The research explores the profitability of an enterprise in the Food industry by using the expanded Du Pont model. This model is appropriate for determining the individual factors that have influenced the profitability of capital.

Key words: profitability, Du Pont's model, food industry.

1.

);
-
A - ,
(
);
- .

2.

Du Pont

Du Pont

[2].

(1)

$$Pe_{CK} = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{P}{A} \times \frac{A}{E} \times \frac{E}{K}, \quad (1)$$

Pe_{CK} –

(

).



. 1.

()

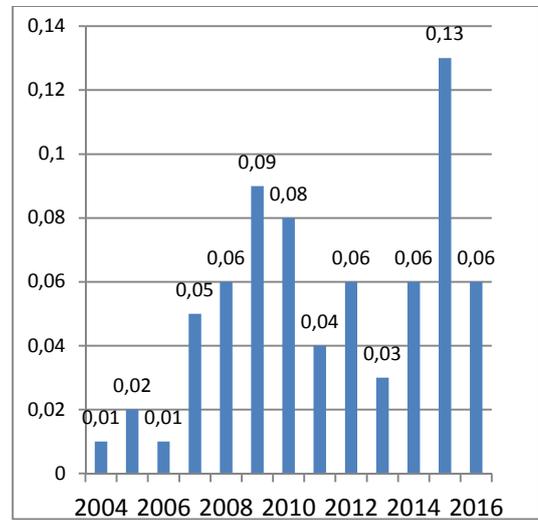
Du Pont

(Du Pont).

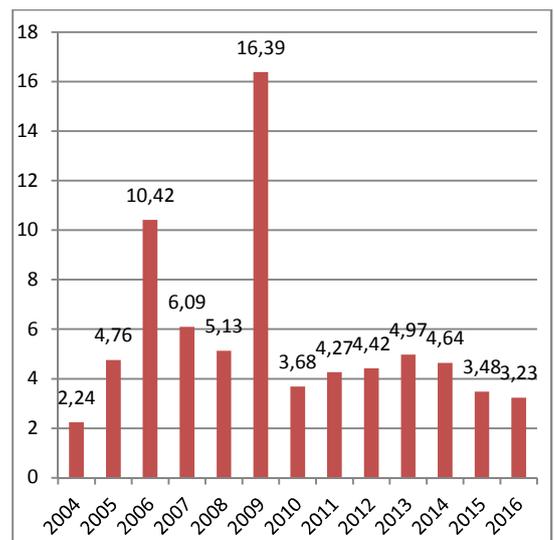
2”

Du Pont

[1]:



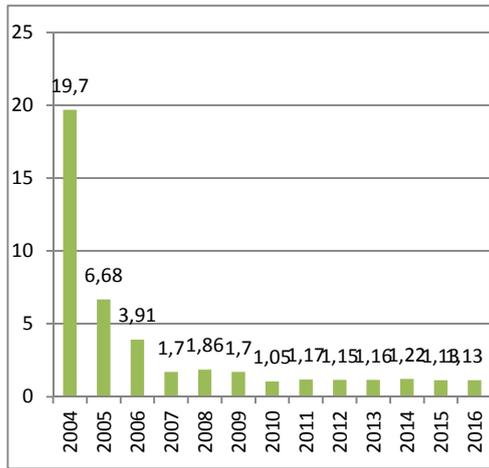
. 2.



. 3.

Du Pont

-2“



. 4.

2009

„ 2”

2008 . - 2009 ., - 2004-
 2013 . 0,01 0,06,
 2015 . 0,13.
 2010-2016 . -

1. , „ . ,
2. , . - , ., 2008.
3. - , ., 2003.
4. 2014. , . , „ , 2009.

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2

INTERMODAL TRANSPORT, AN OPPORTUNITY FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN BULGARIA

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Abstract: *Intermodal passenger transport aims to reduce the dependence of mobility on the use of cars as the main means of transport and to encourage the use of public transport. In the area of passenger transport, much work is still needed to facilitate travel conditions and transfers from one mode to another, which are quite problematic. This article aims to present the specifics of intermodal transport, its advantages and disadvantages, the development of its intermodal hubs² as well as the need to develop information systems for the planning of intermodal trips and their individual elements. The conclusion summarizes the development trends of this type of transport in Bulgaria.*

Key words: *intermodal transport, terminal and etc.*

1.

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30

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1600

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3.

VII, VIII, IX X;

AGTC
- IV,

1.

2. <http://stroiteli.elmedia.net/sti/bg/2016>

3. <http://www.jptactis.com/compiled/2007/9/Mir4ev.html>

4. <http://download.pomagalo.com/423078/ro+ro+prevozi/>

5. <http://www.ritrans.eu/index.xsp>

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CYBERSECURITY - CONDITION FOR THE SUSTAINABILITY OF THE DIGITAL WORLD

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Abstract: *Cybersecurity is sustainability of the information system. It is a protection from hazards or of damage caused by failure, refusal or abuse. Nowadays there is no system is completely secure from attacks, so it is important to increase the property of systems to minimize the damage from the attacks and recover as quickly as possible. The most common types of cyber attacks and destruction, these are usually caused by human vandals, criminals, terrorists, but it is possible to have as a result of accidents, major natural disasters, earthquakes.*

Key words: *Cybersecurity, Cyberattaca*

1.

290

1.1.

750

1.2.

50%
91%

70%

148 000

150 000

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„Sonny”

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1.6.4.

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1.7.3.

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17

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1. http://cio.bg/3964_aspekti_na_kibersigurnos
tta

2. , www.tvevropa.com,

03.06.2011 .

3. , www.dariknews.bg,

“, 25.08.2014 .

1.10.

4.

07.02.2013 .

2.2. ... (%,) ... 5g ... 105° ... ICC Standard 104/1 "Determination of Ash in Cereals and Cereal Products" Approved: 1960 Revised: 1990 [17]. ... (%,) - ... (%,) - ... 152/2009 [18]. ... 100 % ... [19, 20]. : DPPH, ABTS, FRAP, CUPRAC mM Trolox () g (DW) g (0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4 0.5 mM) [21]. : *Escherichia coli*, EN ISO 16649-2:2014 [22]; *Salmonella* sp., EN ISO 6579-1:2017 [23]; EN ISO 6888-1:2005 [24]; EN ISO 4833-1:2014 [25]; EN ISO 21527-2:2011 [26]. [27]. 2 5, 10, 25 40°C. 20 1±0.02 g 8 (LiCl, MgCl₂, K₂CO₃, NaBr, CH₃COOK, NaCl, KCl, MgNO₃),

0.1 0.9 [13]. (a_w > 0.70) thymol 10, 25 40 ± 0.2°C. (20), (105°C) 24h [16]. 2.3. [27] Chung-Pfost (1)
$$a_w = \exp\left[\frac{-A}{t+B} \exp(-CM)\right]$$
 Halsey (2)
$$a_w = \exp\left[\frac{-\exp(A+Bt)}{M^C}\right]$$
 Oswin (3)
$$M = (A+Bt) \left(\frac{a_w}{1-a_w}\right)^C$$
 Henderson (4)
$$1 - a_w = \exp[-A(t+B)M^C]$$
 P [%], (SEM), (R) [28]: (5)
$$P = \frac{100}{N} \sum \left| \frac{M_i - \hat{M}_i}{M_i} \right|$$
 (6)
$$SEM = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (M_i - \hat{M}_i)^2}{df}}$$
 (7)
$$e_i = M_i - \hat{M}_i$$

$$\bar{M}_i$$
 , N , df (). BET (Brunauer-Emmett-Teller) o [19, 29]. (8)
$$M = \frac{M_m C a_w}{(1 - a_w)(1 - a_w + C a_w)}$$

$$M_m$$
 , % . . ; C - . " 2018 , 26 2018

3.

9.41 %, - 2.54 %, - 12.11 %, - 54.14 %
 - 21.80 %.

[30, 31, 32, 33].

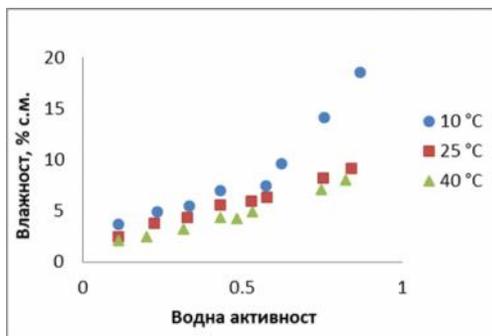
[9, 10, 11, 34].

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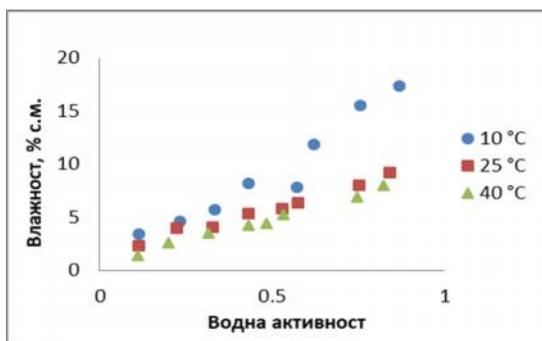
– 10, 25 40°

0.1 0.9

. 1 2



. 1.



. 2.

P SEM 2

1.

(, ,),
 (, %)

(SEM)

Model			
Oswin	9.06385	-0.12566	0.41608
Halsey	3.340364	0.029645	1.717330
Henderson	0.000959	9.608507	1.737924
Chung-Pfost	176.7597	0.324770	13.71691
Model		SEM	R
Oswin	10.39	1.02	0.971
Halsey	8.56	1.07	0.985
Henderson	9.19	1.16	0.982
Chung-Pfost	10.72	1.84	0.971

2.

(, ,),
 (, %)

(SEM)

Model			
Oswin	9.63845	-0.14029	0.39067
Halsey	3.192345	0.028786	1.620666
Henderson	0.001089	8.806570	1.610936
Chung-Pfost	139.4097	0.283843	11.88213
Model		SEM	R
Oswin	15.48	1.24	0.959
Halsey	16.27	1.68	0.967
Henderson	9.89	1.06	0.961
Chung-Pfost	16.78	1.74	0.949

(SEM) ()

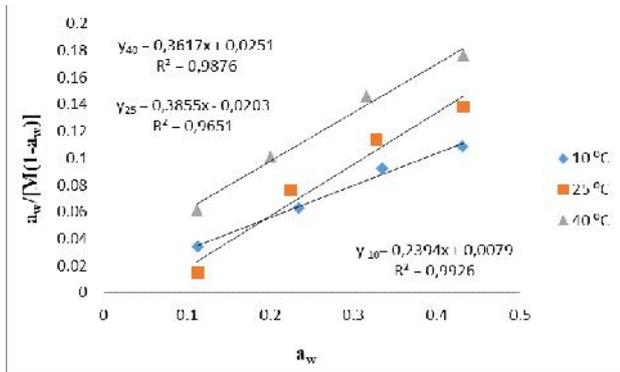
Henderson,

3

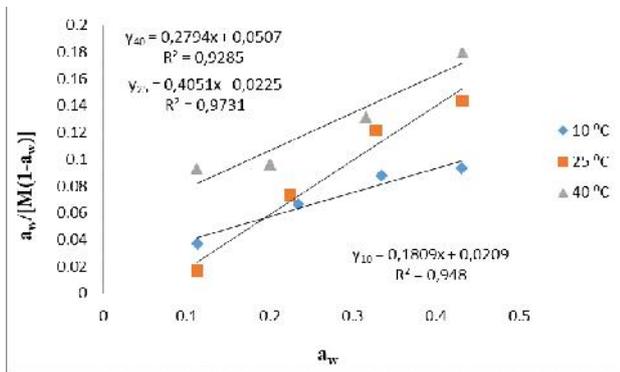
4

0.5.

3.



3.



4.

3.

% . .

t (°C)		
10	4.03	4.96
25	2.46	2.34
40	2.59	3.03

1 g

13.64%

– DPPH (2,2-diphenyl-1-picrylhydrazyl), ABTS (2,2'-azinobis (3)-ethylbenzothiazoline-6-sulfonic acid), FRAP (ferric

$a_w <$

reducing antioxidant power) CUPRAC (cupric reducing antioxidant capacity).

(± mM TE/g),
 DPPH – 1474.17 ± 98.48;
 ABTS – 1691.14 ± 104.59; FRAP – 1163.91 ± 112.07 CUPRAC – 2119.85 ± 155.10. mM TE/g
 DPPH – 201.15 ± 13.44; ABTS – 230.76 ± 14.27; FRAP – 158.82 ± 15.29 CUPRAC – 289.25 ± 21.16.

18÷25°C
 65÷85%

90

3.0x10⁴ – 1.7x10⁵ CFU/g, „
 “ – 1.6x10⁴ – 1.3x10⁵ CFU/g,
 Salmonella sp.
 Escheri hia coli

4.

9.41%, : – 12.11%, –
 – 2.54%, – 54.14%
 – 21.80%.

10, 25 40°

0.1 0.9.

Henderson

2.46% 4.03% – 2.34%
 4.96%

70%

– DPPH, ABTS,

FRAP CUPRAC.

mM TE/g
 1474.17 ± 98.48; 1691.14 ± 104.59; 1163.91 ±

112.07 2119.85 ± 155.10 mM TE/g
 , 201.15 ± 13.44; 230.76 ±
 14.27; 158.82 ± 15.29 289.25± 21.16.
 90

Escheri hia coli

Salmonella sp..

” “
 ” “
 - 18÷25°
 65÷85%,
 90

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INFLUENCE OF INULIN AND LENTIL FLOUR ON PHYSICOCHEMICAL AND COLOR CHARACTERISTICS OF MEAT VEGETABLE PATE

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Abstract: *The present work examines the possibility of obtaining poultry pate enriched with functional ingredients and improved chemical composition. The influence of the addition of inulin and flour of lentils as a substitute for fat in recipe on the physicochemical and color characteristics of the product is assessed. It has been found that they can be successfully used to improve the nutritional, healthful and technological properties of poultry pate.*

Key words: *meat, pate, functional ingredients, inulin, lentils, color, physicochemical characteristics, energy values*

1.

[Baltic & Boskovic, 2015].

B₁₂

[De Smet&Vossen, 2016; McNeill, 2014; Pereira & Vicente, 2013].

[Decker and Park, 2010; Felisberto et al., 2015; Hygreeva et al., 2014; Oostindjer et al., 2014].

30% ,
[Lorenzo et al., 2014].

0,015 g.kg⁻¹; - 0,00005 g.kg⁻¹;
- 0,02 g.kg⁻¹; - 0,003
g.kg⁻¹; - 0,0005 g.kg⁻¹;
- 0,015 g.kg⁻¹ () - 0,15
g.kg⁻¹. 10

[Indzhelieva et al., 2017].
[Roberfroid, 2010; Shoaib, 2016].

1.
Orafti®HPX
Beneo-Orafti Ltd.,
1:4
(w/v).
85°
50°

[Boeckner et al. 2001; Vlaseva, R.,et al. 2014].

[Serdaroglu et al., 2005]
[2016],

CL/5,) - (Fimar

15%
70° ,
0,160
: $\frac{10-45-20}{121^0}, 2 \times 10^5 Pa$.

1.

	g.kg ⁻¹ ,	g.kg ⁻¹ ,	, g.kg ⁻¹
1	0,25	0	0
2	0	0,25	0
3	0	0	0,25
4	0,125	0,125	0
5	0,125	0	0,125
6	0	0,125	0,125
7	0,0835	0,0835	0,0835
8	0,167	0,042	0,042
9	0,042	0,167	0,042
10	0,042	0,042	0,167

2.

: - 0,3 g.kg⁻¹
; - 0,1 g.kg⁻¹;
- 0,15 g.kg⁻¹; - 0,25 g.kg⁻¹;
- 0,02 g.kg⁻¹; -

104 ± 1°C

MLS-A (Kern&Sohn GmbH, KERN Germany).

3 (P>0,05).

1549:1992, (K) –
15438-1989, –
9373-80 – 7169:1989.

(P<0,05),

23/17.03.2011

Flaczyk

Minolta chroma meter (CR 410, CIELab. Osakka, Japan)

[2009] Menegas [2013].

Statgraphics 16.

1

2.

0,05.

3.

	g/100g	g/100g	g/100g	g/100g	g/100g	kcal/100g
1	54,81± 2,32 ^{ab}	12,47± 0,12 ^f	24,73± 0,05 ^j	3,09± 0,02 ^a	2,72± 0,01 ^c	285
2	67,66± 0,706 ^f	7,29± 0,09 ^a	4,24± 0,06 ^a	22,46± 0,02 ⁱ	1,63± 0,16 ^a	157,2
3	67,66± 5,63 ^f	12,51± 0,11 ^f	4,67± 0,08 ^b	13,55± 0,03 ^d	2,35± 0,08 ^{bc}	147
4	58,62± 1,69 ^{bc}	10,06± 0,12 ^c	14,04± 0,09 ^g	18,47± 0,02 ^g	2,32± 0,17 ^{bc}	241
5	54,03± 1,26 ^a	14,72± 0,09 ^h	17,12± 0,12 ^h	16,91± 0,01 ^e	2,77± 0,05 ^c	281
6	62,75± 1,56 ^{de}	11,74± 0,10 ^e	7,08± 0,087 ^d	26,27± 0,02 ^j	2,08± 0,14 ^{ab}	216
7	59,1± 1,2 ^{cd}	11,59± 0,07 ^d	12,27± 0,08 ^f	17,66± 0,02 ^f	2,46± 0,07 ^{bc}	227
8	53,53± 1,05 ^a	13,6± 0,04 ^g	20,40± 0,12 ⁱ	9,96± 0,03 ^c	2,61± 0,06 ^c	278
9	64,97± 0,19 ^{ef}	9,80± 0,02 ^b	4,87± 0,09 ^c	8,88± 0,03 ^b	2,42± 0,91 ^{bc}	119
10	60,33± 3,29 ^{cd}	13,47± 0,02 ^g	9,87± 0,09 ^e	19,59± 0,03 ^h	2,72± 0,10 ^c	222

(<0,05)

a-i

3,

2

(P>0,05)

L*

[Joshi et al., 2017; Kaur et al., 2007; Latoch et al., 2016].

1

(P<0,05)

L*

1

[Alvarez & Barbut, 2013; Latoch, 2016; Cáceres et al., 2004; Jiménez-Colmenero et al., 2010].

($P < 0,05$),

Osburn [1997],

Beriain [2011],

L^* a^* b^*

3.

4, 1

	L^*	a^*	b^*
1	56,54+1,70 ^g	5,61+0,27 ^{bc}	13,41+0,37 ^e
2	55,16+1,15 ^f	5,99+0,53 ^e	14,62+0,22 ^f
3	40,13+0,35 ^a	5,44+0,15 ^b	9,92+0,42 ^a
4	56,99+1,95 ^g	5,94+0,29 ^{de}	13,49+0,30 ^e
5	45,32+0,44 ^c	5,19+0,10 ^a	10,86+0,41 ^b
6	44,06+0,32 ^b	5,71+0,13 ^{cd}	10,76+0,38 ^b
7	49,84+0,43 ^d	5,45+0,15 ^b	11,52+0,53 ^c
8	49,88+1,75 ^d	6,03+0,34 ^e	11,85+0,45 ^c
9	51,16+1,39 ^e	6,42+0,14 ^f	12,40+0,24 ^d
10	43,50+0,88 ^b	5,81+0,33 ^{cde}	11,01+0,49 ^b

4.

$a-g$

($P > 0,05$).

*

[Andrés-Bello et al., 2013; Gradinarska, et al., 2012].

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